The People's Press.

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The People's Press.

L. V. & E. T. BLUM,
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Select Miscellany.

Wonderful Discovery—A Cave of Dead Indians—Mammoth Remains.

The following information is given by gentlemen of the highest character and credit, who have seen with their own eyes, touched and tested with their own hands, the wonderful objects of which they make report:

The workmen engaged in opening a way for the projected railroad between Weldon and Garysburg struck, Monday, about one mile from the former place, in a bank beside the river, a catacomb of skeletons, supposed to be those of Indians of a remote age and a lost and forgotten race.—The bodies exhumed were of strange and remarkable formation. The skulls were nearly an inch in thickness, the teeth were filed sharp, as are those of cannibals, the enamel perfectly preserved; the bones were of wonderful length and strength—the *femur* being as long as the leg of an ordinary man, the stature of the body being probably as great as eight or nine feet. Near their heads were sharp stone arrows, stone mortars in which their corn was brayed, and the bowls of pipes, apparently of soft friable soap-stone. The teeth of the skeletons are said to be as large as those of horses. One of them has been brought to this city, and presented to an officer of the Petersburg railroad.

The bodies were found closely packed together, laid tier on tier as it seemed.—There was no discernable ingress into or egress out of the mound. The mystery is who these giants were; to what race they belonged, to what era, and how they came to be buried there. To these inquiries no answer has yet been made; and meantime the ruthless spade continues to cleave skull and body asunder, throwing up in mingled masses the bones of this heroic tribe. We hope some efforts will be made to preserve authentic and accurate accounts of these discoveries; and to throw some light, if possible, on the lost tribe whose bones have been thus rudely disturbed from their sleep in earth's bosom.

Petersburg Index, 5th inst.

The Wealth of Statesmen.

Jefferson died comparatively poor. Indeed if Congress had not purchased his library, and given for it five times its value, he would with difficulty have kept the wolf from the door.

Madison saved money and was comparatively rich. To add to his fortune, however, or rather that of his widow, Congress purchased his manuscript papers and paid $30,000.

James Monroe, the sixth President of the United States, died in New York so poor that his remains found a resting place through the charity of one of his friends. They remain in the cemetery in School street, but no monument marks the spot where they repose.

John Quincy Adams left some $150,000, the result of industry, prudence and inheritance. He was a man of method and economy.

Martin Van Buren died very rich.—Throughout his political life he studiously looked out for his interest. It is not believed that he ever spent thirty shillings in politics. His party shook the bush and he caught the bird.

Daniel Webster squandered a million in his lifetime, the product of his professional and political speculations. He died, leaving his property to his children and his debts to his friends. The former sold for less than $20,000—the latter exceeded $250,000.

Henry Clay left a very handsome estate. It probably exceeded $100,000. He was a prudent manager and a scrupulously honest man.

James K. Polk left about $150,000, $50,000 of which he saved from his presidency of four years.

John Tyler left $80,000. Before he reached the Presidency he was bankrupt. In office he husbanded his means and then married a rich wife.

Zachary Taylor left $150,000.

Millard Fillmore is a wealthy man, and keeps his money in a strong box. It will not be swallowed up in speculation nor squandered in vice.

Ex-President Pierce saved some $50,000 from his term of office.

Suspended from a Burning Balloon.

At the close of the afternoon performance of a circus in Columbus, Ohio, Mr. Charles Fisher made an ascent in a huge hot-air balloon, or rather the balloon went up with Fisher dangling to a couple of ropes suspended below. Immediately blue smoke was seen to issue from a point on the side of the balloon, about one-third the way up from the mouth to the top. Experienced eyes at once detected that the balloon was on fire, but the æronaut, all unconscious of his danger, went on with his frightful performance on the trapeze. When the balloon was about 1,500 feet in the air, the flames were seen suddenly to burst from its side, and simultaneously a cry of horror went up from the great crowd below. Many turned away their eyes, and one woman fainted, all expecting that Fisher would at once meet a horrible death. But whether it was that the material of the balloon was not very inflammable, or that the hot air near the flame was not very combustible, certain it is that the balloon did not burn rapidly, and the æronaut landed in safety upon the top of a slaughter-house, near the end of the Hocking Valley bridge over the Scioto, while the burning balloon lit in the water which speedily extinguished the flames.

A Wonderful City is London.

It is four times more populous than New York and St. Petersburg, twice as populous as Costantinople, has two-thirds more people in it than Paris, and one-fourth more than Pekin. It contains as many people as Scotland, twice as many as Denmark, and three times the number of Greece. Every eight minutes, night and day, one person dies; every five minutes, one is born. 800,000 have been added to the population since 1851. Only half a million of all this population attend public worship; and there are a million of absentees, who, if inclined to attend, would require to have 800 new places of worship built. 100,000 people work on Sundays. There are 140,000 habitual gin drinkers. 190,000 intoxicated people every year taken off the streets. 100,000 fallen women. 10,000 professional gamblers. 50,000 children trained to crime. 30,000 thieves and receivers of stolen goods. There are 10,000 public houses and beer shops, frequented regularly by 500,000 persons. In every 890 of the population, one is insane. There is one baker for every 1,206 persons; one butcher for every 1,553; one grocer for every 1,500; and one policeman for every 608 inhabitants. On the other hand, out of 60,000 street Arabs, 30,000 are at ragged schools. There are 400 Bible women, 380 city missionaries, and 20,000 persons attend public worship in the theatres every Sunday evening. It is a world in itself.

Manufacture of Knives.

Few people, says the *Mining Journal*, have any idea through what a number of hands their pocket knives have passed in the process of manufacture. A bar of steel destined to furnish a number of blades is heated to redness. A length is then cut off, and the forger speedily "moods" this—that is shapes it roughly into the form of a pocket-knife blade. Another heating is then required to fit the end for being fashioned into the tang and yet another before it can undergo the further operation of "smithing," the last stage of which is the stamping of the mark of the thumb nail to facilitate opening. The tang is then ground and the blade marked with the name of the firm. The slight bulge on the reverse side caused by this operation is removed by fire or the grindstone. The blade is then hardened by heating to redness, and plunging it into water up to the tang. The tempering process follows next, the bluish yellow tint being considered as indicating that the proper degree of heat at which to emerse the blade once more in cold water has been attained. After this the various kinds of blades are classified in the warehouse, and undergo sundry grinding operations to fit them for being hafted. Twelve distinct processes have by this time been gone through, and many more are necessary before the knife is completely finished, although the number of hands which it has now to pass through depends in a great measure on the finish to be given to the handle, according to the quality of the blades with which it is fitted, and the price which the complete article is intended to realize.

A Man Imprisoned for Murder on His own Accusation.

In April last, a man named William McKenzie, a sailor of the ship Roseneath, delivered himself up to the authorities of Halifax, saying that more than seven years previously he had murdered a man in Argyle street, Glasgow. His confession was written down and the man committed to jail. Word was then sent to Glasgow, the police authorities of which returned answer that no murder such as the man described had ever been done there. Still the prisoner was retained, as it was the opinion of the jail physician that he was insane. Recently McKenzie had so far improved in health that application was made for his release. The stipendiary magistrate who had received his confession read it to him, and questioned him upon it. He replied that he had not the slightest recollection of ever having made it, and that it was untrue in every particular, as he had never harmed any man, and at the time the murder was alleged to have been committed he was in New Zealand. Accordingly he was released.

Dried Fruit.

A late circular from New York, has the following about dried fruit:

Receipts are increasing, and are being readily taken by the trade at good prices. In addition to the confident feeling as to the future, the improved style of packing assists in their ready disposition. But few except fine grades of sliced apples are coming in. These command high prices. Good quartered apples are in demand, and being scarce, would command outside quotations as to quality. Blackberries have again improved, and are held very firmly. The demand is not very active, but buyers are willing to take them at a slight concession. Peeled peaches are not arriving from Georgia so plentifully, and the trade are now turning their attention to North Carolina and Virginia. These are quickly disposed of on arrival at quotations, and towards the close there seems to be an proved feeling among receivers, who are less disposed to grant concessions than a week ago. Unpeeled are in very full supply, and are as yet somewhat neglected by purchasers. Pitted cherries have again advanced, and are likely to be higher.—Raspberries are much wanted, and would sell high, if prime. Whortleberries sell readily at an advance. Shippers should never pack fruit in dirty barrels. If not new, let them be thoroughly washed before packing.

The Washington *Patriot* very truly says: During General Grant's time of office, the utmost license has been permitted to notorious defaulters, in consideration of devotion to his personal ambition. Senators, Representatives, and others, who exercise partisan influence, have not only controlled the appointments of financial officers, but, in cases of malfeasance, have prevented prosecution. And some of them have profited by the plunder, after compromising with the Treasury. Since the foundation of the Government, robbery has never before been so rampant, or so barefacedly encouraged and protected by the President and his surroundings, as at this time.

News Items.

STATE ITEMS.

The store of Messrs. Phillips & Bro., in Salisbury was entered by burglars on the night of the 14th inst., and an iron safe containing about $1,000 in greenbacks and gold and silver was taken therefrom. The safe was found next morning near the depot of the Western N. C. Railroad, rifled of its contents. No clue to the perpetrators of this daring robbery has yet been obtained.

On the night of the 11th inst., an unfortunate difficulty occurred between Messrs. Robert Costin and W. H. James, two young men of Wilmington, which resulted in the former being mortally stabbed in the head, the blade penetrating the brain some distance. James was arrested, and committed to jail, bail being refused. Costin died on last Friday.

There is now a Conservative Keeper of the grounds in the Capitol Square at Raleigh, and the grounds are well kept. He performs for $390 a year, what Holden and his radical legislature allowed $2,751.95. There is a big difference between $7 50 per week under Conservative rule, and $53 75 per week under radical rule, and for exactly the same work.

The Rutherford *Vindicator* of the 11th inst., says: The storms of wind during the last week or so have played havoc with the standing corn, but there will be, nevertheless, more than an average crop, as the lowland crops are excellent and the upland fair. Fifty cents from the heap will be the opening price, unless there should be some unforeseen casualty.

Charles Gilmer, whom we mentioned week before last as having been convicted of rape at Greensboro court, was sentenced to be hung on October 27th, the same day as the other two malefactors. The triple execution will take place privately, says the *Patriot*, only a limited number of persons being admitted.

The Statesville *American* says: "During Court week we conversed with citizens from Alexander, Wilkes, Yadkin and Surry, and they concurred in a most favorable report of the corn crop. The upland corn will turn out very well, and the yield of the bottom lands, which are extensive, will be most large."

On Sunday night, 10th inst., the store of Rinaldi & Co., at Elizabethtown, Bladen county, was broken open by burglars, and the safe robbed of from $8,000 to $10,000. About $3,500 of the amount belonged to the county, having been deposited there for safe keeping. There is no clue as yet, to the robbers.

Mr. John R. Jenkins, formerly of Moore county, but recently of Fayetteville, committed suicide in the latter place, on the night of the 12th inst., by taking an overdose of laudanum. The empty vial was found on the mantel-piece, with a brief note stating that he had poisoned himself.

On Wednesday of last week in Greensboro, on removing the corner stone of the old Baptist church, which is being torn down, the following old coins were found deposited therein: a silver dollar of the date of 1795; half dollar 1829; quarter 1806; two copper cents of 1828 and 1829.

The Newbern *Times* says that K. R. Jones, a radical, tried to murder his brother-in-law, John W. Creb, a Conservative, in Jones county, on the 4th inst. The cause was a political one, yet, because the boot happens to be on the wrong leg, the *Times* fails to cry out "KuKlux" as usual.

The Asheville *Citizen* says that considerable excitement exists in Cherokee county on account of the discovery of a rich vein of silver. If the reports that are flying about be true, Mexico, Colorado and California are nowhere.

We learn from the *Citizen* that the celebrated Coggins Springs, near Asheville, have been sold to Col. Lot W. Humphrey, of Goldsboro. That paper hopes they will be improved, and be of service to persons visiting Asheville for their health.

Some fishermen on the 16th inst., caught a deer while he was in the act of swimming across Neuse river, a few miles below Newbern. They lassoed him in the water, but he was so large they had to kill him before they could get him to the city.

The colored Baptists in Newbern are keeping up a thirty day protracted meeting in order to be prepared for the coming of the big wave. The meeting is now kept up all day and all night without cessation.

James Dudley, colored, of Jones county, has been arrested for infanticide. This used to be, almost exclusively, a feminine peccadillo, but if the men get to killing off the young shoots, there is a poor chance for the coming generation of colored folks.

We learn from the *Patriot* that Mr. Timothy Cude, residing near Friendship, realized from four acres of clover this year the sum of $100. There are few crops planted in this section that will be more remunerative, in the long run, than this.

A horse-thief, named Joel Williams, was shot at a few days ago, by a Sheriff's posse in Cumberland county, when near the Wayne line. He decamped leaving a stolen mule behind.

Over one hundred persons in Halifax county have lately connected themselves with the Methodist church. There are plenty of sinners left, however, so Beelzebub need'nt despair.

A man named J. Keller, hailing from Baltimore, was arrested in Wilmington on the 13th inst., on the charge of attempting to negotiate a forged United States bond for $10,000.

Mr. C. B. Thompson, of Duplin county, has a scuppernong grape vine which covers nearly an acre of ground, so heavily laden with fruit that it is almost impossible to keep any support under it.

William Thurber, colored, of Wilmington, has been appointed Assistant Assessor of Internal Revenue for the Third District of N. C., in place of C. Posner, white, removed.

The revenue officers overhauled the stores of the merchants in Rutherfordton last week, in the hope of finding contraband tobacco. It was love's labor lost.

The dwelling house and out-buildings of Dr. Benj. F. Arrington, in Goldsboro, were destroyed by fire on the night of the 12th inst. Supposed to have originated from a defective flue. The furniture was mostly saved.

Raleigh has only eighty-five rum shops. It is very plain that they need two Temperance papers in that blessed city.

The *Patriot* learns that Mrs. Faucett, a widow of Alamance county, committed suicide by hanging herself some weeks back.

In Greenville, Pitt county, on the 8th inst., a negro named Thomas King was badly shot in attempting to resist the deputy sheriff, who had a warrant for his arrest.

A number of records relating to Joseph Martin, the last British Governor of North Carolina, have been brought to this country from England.

The tobacco factory of Mr. Bitting, at Lexington, has been seized by the revenue men for alleged violation of the revenue laws.

Counterfeit $20 bills on the Merchants' National Bank, New York, are freely circulating in the South. Keep your eyes wide open.

The tobacco factories of John H. Dalton and A. F. Gaither, in the western portion of Iredell county, have been seized by the revenue officials.

The Wilmington *Star* learns that there is considerable sickness in Brunswick county, mostly bilious and typhoid fever.

Fayetteville is bragging over a calf one year old that weighs 553 pounds.

GENERAL NEWS.

Hon. Wm. S. Groesback, one of the rising statesmen of Ohio, delivered a speech at Steubenville, in that State, some days ago, in the course of which he said:—"Never before to-day could the Federal government march its armies into a State on account of a disturbance confined within that State, unless invited to do so.—Now, it may do so on its own motion.—The President alone forms the judgment, and then executes it by such measures as he chooses to adopt. He is both judge and executioner. Behold a despot. Where is the State? Under his heel. Where is that great writ upon which we all depend for our personal liberty? In his hand.—How came it there? The people never put it there. The war is over, but its spirit is still upon us. The sword is everywhere—in front of us, to the right of us, to the left of us, on all sides, and in all measures. It is fast becoming the daily remedy for private wrongs." Is not this a true picture? When did we ever witness before in times of peace, a Court of so-called Justice sit, surrounded by four companies of Federal soldiery, as is now the case in Raleigh?

The correspondent of the Baltimore *Sun* says that the conference of supervisors of internal revenue on the 16th and 17th insts., at the Bureau in Washington city, in relation to alleged tobacco frauds, led to no definite results. The complaints from Virginia and North Carolina, concerning violations of the law by re-use of stamps, and also of packages, were fully shown to be truthful, and of a character to call for more stringent measures by the revenue department. It was stated that in North Carolina the frauds upon the government by a re-use of original packages were flagrant, and that the violation of the law in some of the counties are so numerous as to be able to actually defy any attempts of the revenue officers, unaided by armed assistance to break up their illicit business. It was then unanimously agreed that the revenue officials in the localities referred to, ought to be aided by a strong police force, and that the illegal acts of the illicit tobacco dealers should be stopped at all hazards.

About two years ago, when the Atlantic Hotel at Cape May, N. J., was burned, one of the guests, Mr. Charles Rubicam, lost his trunk, containing $9,000 in currency. It was thought to have been burned up with everything else. Recently, however, it leaked out through the tattling of some colored women that the trunk had been rescued by one of the colored waiters named R. S. Clarke. Detectives were put on his track, and Clarke was found in the employ of the Brodhead House, at the Delaware Water Gap. He denied that he had intended to steal the money, and asserted that he had invested it in houses in Philadelphia, which he was willing to turn over to the equitable owner. Accordingly, on Friday week last, the deed was made, and the property conveyed to Mr. Rubicam. Clarke was then released, although it was evident he knew whose trunk it was from the beginning, and that he had intended to keep his plunder, had he not been found out.

A terrible combat with knives took place on the night of the 9th inst., in Chesterfield county, S. C., between Mr. Ransom Arant, of Lancaster, S. C., and Mr. Joseph Plyler, of Union county, N. C. They had been to camp meeting, and returning, a quarrel arose between them about some trivial matter, when they jumped from their horses, drew their knives, and rushed at each other like madmen. The contest continued until Arant's knife slipped from his hand, when he seized a piece of rail, and knocked his antagonist down. Other parties arriving at the scene about this time, the combatants were separated. Plyler was cut in seven, and Arant in five different places, but it is thought that both will recover.

Hon. Wm. Pinckney White, Conservative Democratic candidate for the Governorship of Maryland, speaking of "new departures," very pithily says: "I know of no departure about which we may trouble ourselves except the departure in 1873 of Grant and his Cabinet from the White House at Washington—the departure from our fair land of the horde of revenue collectors, which, like the locusts of Egypt, have been eating up the substance of the mechanics and laboring men of this country. This is the departure for which every honest man fights and to which he should devote every energy of mind and body he possesses."

The Governor of Texas calls into service for twenty-four days prior to and during the coming election on the 3rd, 4th, 5th and 6th of October next, twenty special police in each county, and orders them to receive $3 per diem as their pay. There being 130 counties, this costs the people $187,200. There is no necessity for this police, and it is intended only to surround the polls with ruffians, under legal authority, who will act in the interests of the radical party. And the people, poor simple souls, will have to foot the bill. Is it not outrageous?

Miss Nellie Thurston, who made a balloon ascension from the Watertown, N. Y., fair grounds, a few days ago, when descending, landed in the top of a tree. She remained in the basket of the balloon, suspended in this dangerous and uncomfortable position, all night, and finally took courage to climb out and descend the tree the following morning. She then made her way to a hotel in the vicinity, where she arrived in rather a "mussed up" condition, but without having suffered any serious injury.

A man, formerly a Union soldier, living near Franklin, La., recently found an old bomb-shell on his place, which had been lying about loose, sometimes under water, for seven or eight years. He foolishly began experimenting with it, by unscrewing the cap, picking out a quantity of powder, and then dropping a live coal into the cavity. It exploded, tearing out the man's bowels, and otherwise frightfully injuring him. He lived fifteen hours, but was in such pain that he implored his friends to kill him at once so as to end his misery.

The King of Siam has resolved to emancipate all the slaves in his realms. The perpetual abolition of slavery will take place in that country on the 31st of January, 1872. A special tax is to be levied in order to create a fund from which owners will be remunerated for the compulsory manumission of their slaves. Of the aggregate number of slaves in Siam it is impossible to form a conjecture, but it cannot fall short of a million, or one-fifth the entire population.

Irene Robinson, nineteen years of age, who ran away from her home in Peoria, Illinois, two years ago, because her father wanted her to marry against her will, was found in New York city on the 16th inst., dressed in male clothing. She had assumed the name of William Frank, and worked as a teamster, laborer and canal boatman without her sex being suspected. She finally became tired of being a man, gave herself up to the police and asked to be sent home.

On Monday week, a young daughter of the railroad watchman at Fairview station, Pa., went to a water tank or reservoir to chase out some geese, and while so doing fell in. The mother seeing the danger her daughter was in, rushed to the tank and also fell into it; whereupon an elder daughter hastened to the scene, and in endeavoring to save her mother and sister she also fell in, and all three were drowned.

Professor D. H. Mahane, of the Military Academy at West Point, committed suicide on the 16th inst., by jumping into the Hudson river from a steamboat on his way to New York. The act was very deliberately committed. Professor Mahane was about 70 years of age, and had been the educator of most of the distinguished military officers of the present day.

The county treasury of Abbeville, S. C., is in a bad fix. Twenty-one thousand dollars have disappeared from it, and cannot be accounted for. The county officials, treasurer, &c., are not to blame, for they all belong to the great moral radical party, whose members are the salt of the earth, the elect of heaven, and never steal anything, no, not so much as a pin.

The French Assembly has adopted a bill revising the pension list of the Imperial government. It abolishes all pensions except in cases of extreme poverty, or where the grant was made for distinguished services. It cuts off thousands of old soldiers, who will now have another reason for hating M. Thiers and his government.

A. J. Ransier, the colored Lieut. Governor of South Carolina and Chairman of the Republican Executive Committee, publishes a letter in the *News* strongly opposing the proposed declaration of martial law in that State. He thinks the civil power amply sufficient to repress disorders, and that martial law as a remedy would be worse than the disease.

The coroner's verdict in the case of the late torpedo explosion in New York city holds the proprietors of the establishment guilty of manslaughter of the persons killed by the disaster. One of these proprietors, Goldschmidt, was himself blown up, and has since died, while the other is now in prison in default of $10,000 bail.

A man in Kansas was present at the funeral of a neighbor of whom no good could honestly be said. But everybody was saying something, and this man, not wishing to appear singular, but unwilling to eulogize one whom he knew to have been a scamp, remarked that it was "a nice, quiet corpse."

At Norwich, Conn., on the 14th instant, Leonard Rogers, a half-breed Mobican Indian, shot Miss Hattie E. Sily, a girl 17 years old, in the head with a pistol, killing her instantly. He then blew his own brains out. All this, because the girl refused to marry him, and he already married to a wife in New York.

Ben. Butler, in a speech delivered at Westfield, Mass., on the 11th inst., said it was part of his mission in the world to break up the caucus system. Yes, and if we may believe Milton, our first parents often held caucus with the angels, and it was part of the devil's mission in the world to break that up.

The murderers of the old negro preacher, Ben Hair, in Newberry, S. C., have been arrested. They prove to be three negroes, and not white KuKlux as was charged at the time. About three-fourths of all the outrages charged to KuKlux turn out in the end to have been committed by negroes or white radicals.

Judge Bedford, of New York, on the 15th inst., charged the grand jury that he considered the looking up of millions of gold by the brokers in Wall street as a conspiracy, and concluded that the culprits ought to be brought to speedy justice.—Many leading Wall street brokers are implicated.

A sad occurrence recently took place in Patrick county, Va. A little son of Mr. Eli. Mitchell accidentally got hold of his father's revolver, one barrel of which was loaded, and while playing with it the weapon was discharged, the ball passing through the body of his mother, who died a few hours afterwards.

Two large hotels at Saratoga Springs, N. Y., the Park and the Columbian, were destroyed by fire on the 15th inst. The Crescent House was partially burned.—Several other buildings fell victims to the flames. The losses will reach $200,000.

The pea-nut crop of the Southern States is in good condition, and an abundant yield may be expected. Three counties of Tennessee will alone furnish about one million bushels of this nut. A fair idea of the entire crop may be drawn from this promising augury.

The Court-House at Camden, S. C., was broken into on the night of the 15th inst., and the *prisoner's dock* stolen. Well, that is about the last thing we should look for anybody to steal, unless it was very cold weather and firewood scarce.

Three hundred kegs of powder recently exploded in Pioche, Nevada, causing a conflagration which destroyed the entire business portion of the town. Some four or five were killed, and quite a number wounded. Loss from $200,000 to $300,000.

Semmes, the late radical postmaster at Atlanta, Geo., has been indicted on the charge of embezzling Government post-office funds to the amount of $30,000. So they come, one after another, so fast that it is difficult to keep the run of them.

The receivers of the Indianapolis, Cincinnati & Lafayette railroad have sued Henry C. Lord, the President of the road, for $250,000, in bonds and money, which they charge him with having converted to his personal use.

At Chicago, on the 17th inst., two children, left locked in a kitchen by their mother while she went to church, were smothered to death by smoke which filled the apartment and had no means of egress.

An outbreak has occurred in the Nevada State prison. Lieut. Gov. Denver and five of the prison guards were wounded. Mr. Matt. Pridley was killed, and twenty nine of the prisoners escaped.

An experience of two years has demonstrated that the poppy culture of California is a success. The opium is considered superior to the ordinary opium of commerce.

The insurgent town of Lahifka, in Algiers, has been destroyed by the French troops, and all the insurgent leaders in the vicinity have been captured and summarily shot.

The stables of Peter Wilson, in New York city, were burned on the night of the 13th inst., and twenty-three horses perished in the flames. The cries of the doomed animals were heart-rending.

Despatches from various points show that the cholera is making dreadful ravages in the central and southern portions of Prussia. This intelligence is up to the 15th inst.

A Mr. Bailey, of Minnesota, recently got converted, and straightway went and hanged himself. He was probably afraid that his religion wouldn't keep, if he kept on living.

The Emperor of Austria has finally recognized the autonomous rights of Bohemia, consequently he will be publicly crowned, and take the oaths at Prague, as king of Bohemia.

Hannah Roberts, colored, supposed to be 130 years old, was burned to death in Philadelphia on the 15th inst., by her clothes taking fire.

There were 93 new cases of cholera in Konigsburg, Prussia, on the 12th inst., and 78 deaths; and on the 13th inst., there were 64 new cases and 45 deaths.

The volcano of Mauna-Loa, in Hawaii, the largest of the Sandwich Islands, is now in full eruption. The light is seen for a long distance at sea.

Sterling Sledge, seventy-three years of age, has been sentenced to the Virginia State prison for fifteen years, which is bad for old Sledge.

The Cincinnati *Enquirer* thinks there is one gift President Grant has never received, and that is—the gift of gab.

A Boston man is on trial for murdering another by pushing him into a vat of boiling grease.

The Methodist church has so greatly increased in numbers in Indiana, that four conferences are suggested for the State.

Iron for Pear Trees.

A correspondent of the *Rural Messenger* says:

"I had a very fine pear tree (Flemish Beauty) that became affected, first by blight in one limb, which I removed, and then another was affected in the same way, until I had removed a considerable portion of the tree. Early the next spring I resolved to try the application of scrap-iron to the roots. I procured my iron, removed the soil from the roots carefully, deposited the iron between them, and replaced the earth. There was no further progress in the blight, the tree continued to grow that season, and the next leaves and blossoms came out vigorously; no black spots appeared on the leaves, and the tree bore finely, and no appearance of disease was seen on the tree afterward. In subsequent conversation with friends, I found that some of them had tried the remedy with perfect success.

The negro laborers of Edgecombe county have struck for higher wages. They now demand one half the crop instead of one-third as heretofore.

The People's Press.

SALEM, N. C.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 1871.

GEO. WALTER SITES,--EDITOR.

THE STATE FAIR.—In less than three weeks from this time the Annual Fair of the North Carolina Agricultural Society will be inaugurated in Raleigh. It commences on Oct. 17th, and closes Oct 20th. The importance of these Fairs to our State can hardly be over-estimated. We wish we could predict that the Fair of next month will eclipse all previous ones—we hope it will. Already have we heard of numerous entries of fine stock, agricultural productions and implements, manufactures and mechanical improvements. We trust every county in the State will be represented, and that our mechanics, merchants, farmers, artists, &c., will do their best to add to the display. Every article will add to the interest of the Fair. Let exhibitors remember the advantage to flow to our people and State from these annual exhibitions. It is seed sown in good ground, which after a time will bring forth a hundred fold.

Some of the radicals are proposing an increase in the salary of President Grant, and think that he ought to have one hundred thousand dollars a year. All of our Presidents, heretofore, got along on twenty-five thousand dollars a year, and some of them saved money on it. We know that a majority of our farmers, who are as good as President Grant, would have to work hard twenty years or more, before they could realize twenty-five thousand dollars. As to President Grant, he went into office quite poor, and now he is a wealthy man. How he managed to pile up riches, we do not care to explain at present, but his present salary is enough for him, or for any President.

"We have been trying all along to impress this truth upon the people—that it was foolish, nay, suicidal to place themselves in antagonism with the General Government."

Does not the Elizabeth City *North Carolinian*, from which we take the above, think it would be more honest and candid to draw the proper line of distinction between the General Government and the Administration, instead of insinuating, as it does, that they are one and the same thing? "I am the State," said Louis XIV to his trembling Parliament, but that was a despotic assumption in a tyrannous era when no man could say his life was his own. No individual—no party in this land of presumed liberty has the right to claim that he or it is the General Government. No person—no section—no political organization that we know of in this country is in antagonism with the Government, but we *hope and pray* and believe that next year a large popular majority will be found in antagonism with the despotic, demoralizing and costly manner in which the Government is administered by the radical party.

"The record of the Republican Party and the Republican Administration is one of which we may well feel proud."—*Elizabeth City North Carolinian, rad.*

It is not an unusual thing for confirmed scamps to be proud of their achievements. Such a feeling is caused by a perversion of the moral instincts which, in the eyes of the criminal, throws a kind of chivalrous glamour over his crimes. Jack Sheppard went to the scaffold as proud of his petty robberies as ever Alexander the Great was of his grand ones, or as the Republican party professes to be of a record which is black all over with rascality.

"Where is that Conservative pyramid, with California at the base and Maine at the apex, which used to appear so often in Conservative journals in September."

Exchange.

We are holding it back for next year, when we shall bring it out prior to a grand occasion—the election of a Democratic Conservative President. There is no reason why we should make a good thing too common, and therefore you don't see it now.

THE ECLECTIC MAGAZINE of Foreign Literature for October opens with a handsome portrait of Sir John Herschel, the great astronomer. The contents of this number are of unusual interest. The article on Darwin's Descent of Man is an able and scientific attack upon the views of that curious philosopher. The sketch entitled "Sir Walter Scott" is the best we have seen of the many written on the occasion of that illustrious author's centenary, while the remainder of the ample list of contents is full of merit. The Eclectic skims the cream of all the foreign magazines, and is one of our best periodicals.—E. R. Pelton, 108 Fulton St., New York $5 per annum in advance.

Major Hearne, the managing editor, has favored us with an advance sheet of his projected paper, the *North Carolinian*. Its tone is moderate and dignified, but it advances certain political views that we cannot commend. It seems to favor the reorganization of the old Democratic party as a *State* organization, and to this we are, at present, emphatically opposed for reasons that will be apparent to every intelligent Conservative in this section.

Hon. James E. Harvey has been compelled by ill-health to withdraw from the editorship of the Washington *Patriot*, the organ of the National Conservative Democracy. We trust his successor, Gen. Jeffries, will be as successful in his career as Mr. Harvey.

Spain is sending additional renforcements to Cuba. Twelve hundred Spanish troops have left Cadiz for Havana.

The "Ku Klux" Convictions.

While we object most strenuously to the unconstitutional and partisan manner in which the parties charged with Ku Kluxism have been tried and convicted in Raleigh, we have no sympathy whatever for those of the defendants who were proved, beyond all doubt, to have committed the outrages laid to their charge. Claiming to be Conservatives, they rashly and criminally played into the hands of our delighted opponents, and struck us a blow that was more injurious to us than any the radicals could have inflicted upon us at this critical time. When we first received intelligence of the transactions in Rutherford, we said: "Let the guilty parties be ferreted out, and made to suffer, for it is the will and determination of North Carolina that there shall be peace, and law, and order within her borders." Since then we have referred but seldom to the affair, preferring to wait for developments before the Courts. The facts are now before us, and the guilty ones have been exposed.—As a Conservative, we repudiate them and their misdeeds, and, so far as we can help it, we do not intend that the Conservative party, which embraces the greater portion of the intelligence and respectability of the State, and which is essentially law-abiding, shall be held responsible for the reckless conduct of a few misguided men. That some of the defendants have been convicted upon the flimsiest testimony, and that they are really innocent, we believe, and these we are sorry for. We have never believed in the Jesuitical maxim that "the end justifies the means," still we trust that the result of these trials, illegal as we hold them to be, partisan in their every detail, and at variance with the principles of constitutional liberty handed down to us by our fathers, will serve to destroy all secret political organizations in the State, whether Ku Klux, Leagues, or what not. Adopting the sentiment, if not the language of a late writer, we assert that all organizations, not openly and avowedly political, but intended to influence political affairs as organizations, are always dangerous. The Prœtorian Guards of Rome grew in strength and insolence till they made and unmade Emperors, and, at one time, they even sold the throne of the world to the highest bidder—the rich Didius Julianus. It was the same thing with the Janizaries, who ruled the Ottoman empire for two hundred years with a rod of iron, until the stern Mahmoud gave them over to massacre some fifty years since. And we have a still later instance in the secret International Society of Europe, which, passing under the name of the Commune in France, deluged the fair city of Paris with blood, and surrendered its noblest edifices to the flames only five short months ago.

The Washington *Patriot* says there is abundant proof before the Kuklux Committee now in session in that city to show how frauds were perpetrated under the radical legislature of North Carolina in 1868–'70. The following bit of of testimony discloses the process, as developed by one out of many witnesses:

Question. How have the financial affairs of your State been maanged?

Answer. The State has been plundered openly.

Question. In what way?

Answer. The Legislature that was elected in 1868——

Question. Under this same military reconstruction?

Answer. Yes, sir; under the same military direction. A set of men were elected that had no interest in the State at all, or very little. * * * They would just vote out the bonds of the State with the understanding that a certain part of them would be divided among them. I was a director of this Wilmington, Charlotte, & Rutherford railroad. A message came in a circuitous way to the board of directors, (we needed funds to finish the road,) that if we would ask for ten millions of dollars of bonds, they would let us have them, provided they received 5 or 10 per cent. on them; they would vote ten millions of bonds to this railroad company provided certain managers were allowed to retain either 5 or 10 per cent.—I have forgotten which it was.

Question. That proposition came directly from the Legislature?

Answer. It came from certain parties in the Legislature in such a way that we were assured it was a proposition, and that it would be carried out. It was in that way our present State debt has been made.

* * * *

Question. None of the bonds were expended in the construction of the roads?

Answer. None. That Legislature was so corrupt that when the three commissioners, appointed to draft the laws, tendered to the Legislature several chapters for passage by the Legislature, they swore that they would not vote for them at all unless they were paid for it.

SCRIBNER'S MONTHLY ILLUSTRATED MAGAZINE for October is full of pictures and excellent reading matter. This periodical is edited with unremitting care, and can be conscientiously recommended for the home circle. "An Island on Fire" is a graphic account of a volcano in the Sandwich Islands. "The Last of the Pequods" is a sketch of Eunice Mahwee, who is said to be literally the last survivor of that famous tribe of Indians. "Was Adam the First Man?" is a dissertation on one of the most absorbing topics of the day. All the other articles are neatly written, and add much to the interest of this number.

Major Marcus Erwin and Hon. Lewis Hanes announce themselves as co-editors of the Carolina *Era*. We apprehend that these gentlemen have a rough journey before them.

Col. John K. Connolly, formerly of Yadkin county, but now residing in Richmond, Va., is prominent among the candidates for the Conservative nomination for State Senator from that city.

Conservative or Democratic.

The following article, which we take from the Wilmington *Star* of the 20th inst., expresses our own views so well that we do not hesitate to transfer it to our columns. The attempt on the part of certain politicians to reorganize the old Democratic party in North Carolina, is fraught with danger to the anti-radical cause, and, though they *may* not intend it, those who are advocating such a reorganization, are playing immediately into the hands of the radical leaders:

A cotemporary suggests that the first thing the Central Executive Committee of the Conservative party should do, on assembling in Raleigh, October 18th, is to drop the word "Conservative" as a party designation.

For our own part, we think it would be far more sensible to drop the word "Democratic." But we submit that this Committee has no right to determine by what name the anti-Radicals of North Carolina shall be called. That is a question to be determined by our State Convention which will assemble to nominate a candidate for Governor, and to take such other action as may be proper, some time before the next August election.

In this connection, we hear that there is a movement on foot to reorganize the Democratic party in North Carolina. We do not know whether there be any truth in the report or not. But assuming it to be true, we beg leave to call the attention of our friends to the fact that this is just what the radicals most desire. They would be delighted to see the Conservative organization dissolved and the simonpure Democracy organized in its stead. Even Mr. Lewis Hanes, the most recent convert to Republicanism in North Carolina, thinks it would be a good thing. He says: "We can see many reasons why the Democrats of the State should desire such a reorganization." And by "such a reorganization" he says he means the "reorganization of the *old* Democratic party under Democratic leaders."

Now, we wish it distinctly understood that, whatever name may be inscribed on the banner of the anti-Radical party in North Carolina, we intend to fight under that banner as long as one shred or tatter of it is left. But we do not for that reason surrender our right to discuss the proper policy to be pursued; and we say now that it will weaken our party in North Carolina to make a change of front in the face of our enemy.

We understand thoroughly the threadbare argument that, because the opponents of Radicalism in the North are known as Democrats, their political allies in North Carolina should be similarly named; and, furthermore, we concede that the advocates of this policy are honest in their convictions that it is the proper one to adopt. And yet we are decidedly of the opinion that they never made a greater mistake in their lives. There are thousands of Conservatives in this State, especially in the counties of Randolph, Guilford, Davidson, Moore, Chatham and Montgomery counties who look with suspicion on everything and everybody to which the word Democrat is attached; and the point to be considered is not whether this is a foolish prejudice on the part of those people, but whether it really be a fact that they are so prejudiced. If they are, then it were folly not to attempt to conciliate their prejudices.

But the most striking proof of the correctness of our general views on this question is furnished by the recent action of the Conservatives of Virginia—a State which has been famous for the unadulterated character of its Democracy from the days of the resolutions of 1798–'99 down to the close of the war. Well, what did the Virginia Conservatives do in Convention assembled? Why, notwithstanding the fact that scores of the delegates (such men as "Extra Billy Smith and Fayette McMullin) were life-long Democrats, they very properly left this question of changing the party name severely alone.

We never see the anti-radicals of Virginia spoken of as the Democratic party, or as the Democratic-Conservative party. They are known throughout the State as Conservatives; and as Conservatives they will all go to the polls and vote for the nominees of the National Democratic Convention in 1872.

The Salisbury Watchman.

The *Old North State* newspaper was sold on the 16th inst., to Mr. J. J. Bruner, who, much to our gratification, revives that safe and respectable old journal, the Salisbury *Watchman*. Mr. Bruner is one of our true North Carolina editors, who, like Yates of the Charlotte *Democrat*, Drake of the Statesville *American*, and others that we might name, avoid sensations, adhere to facts, and speak out according to their convictions of right in all matters of public policy, careless whether they offend the politicians or not. Mr. Bruner gives us an indication of his future political course when he says: "He is *habitually* 'Conservative,' his understanding of the word being—obedience to the laws; lawful means for rectifying wrongs; restoration and preservation of the wise and good features of our form of government; honesty and capability for office; a strict accountability of officials; punishment of those abusing a public trust; avoidance of rash and reckless measures; the welfare of the State above that of individuals, corporations and parties."

L. F. Melton, Esq., of Rutherford County, one of the witnesses dragged to Raleigh, to give testimony in the Kuklux trials, died in that city on last Monday evening. His disease was paralysis, probably produced by exposure and worriment. His remains were sent home next day.

Arrangements have been made for a grand ball in Raleigh during the Fair week.

U. S. Circuit Court.

On Wednesday evening of last week, ten of the prisoners on trial before this Court in Raleigh, were found guilty. The following were the sentences imposed on Friday, as taken from the *Sentinel*:

R. A. Shotwell: Judge Bond asked the prisoner what he had to say in mitigation of punishment. The prisoner said the testimony against him was in many cases very false—in some ridiculously false.—That was all he desired to say. Judge Bond said the court regarded the prisoner as the most guilty party, as he was a leader in the organization, and as he was a neighbor of Justice, whose only offence was a difference in political opinion, there could be no mitigation in the case. The sentence of the court was that the prisoner be imprisoned with hard labor for *six years* and fined *five thousand dollars*.

Amos Owen was next called up. Mr. Strong appealed for leniency on the ground that the prisoner had a wife and seven or eight children, most of whom were females. His position in society and the low order of his intelligence showed that he took no leading or controlling part in the matter. The prisoner stated to the court that as he understood the matter he ought not to be punished, and would not have justice if punished. The court sentenced the prisoner to six years hard labor and a fine of five thousand dollars.

A. Depriest: In his case Mr. Fuller drew attention to the fact that he was a mere boy and did not go on the raid.—Could read and write; was not twenty years old. Sentence: two years hard labor and five hundred dollars fine.

George Holland: Twenty-three years old; a farmer, and had a wife and family; could read and write. Judge Bond, as it did not appear the prisoner had been actually engaged in the raid, sentenced him to *two* years hard labor and $500.

J. W. McIntire: Twenty-one years old; can read and write a little; not married. Sentence, two years hard labor and $500 fine.

William Teal: Married, with two children; can read and write a little; a farmer; twenty-five years old; never saw Justice the night of the raid, and did nothing; went with the crowd; they did not say what they were going to do. Sentence, three years hard labor and $500 fine.

David Colling stated that he was not guilty as charged; was not at Rutherfordton at the time of the raid; was at home, in Spartanburg, S. C.; was not in the den when the matter was spoken of. In lending his gun and mule he did not know what purposes they were to be put to.—Judge Bond said that the den in South Carolina, to which prisoner belonged, had raided every decent man out of the town, and was a terror to the people. Sentence, four years hard labor and $500 fine.

Wm. Scruggs did not feel like he was much guilty; lived in South Carolina; was 47 years old; was married; a farmer; what he did was done through ignorance. Sentence, three years hard labor and $500 fine.

Spencer R. Moore was on the raid, but did not know what was to be done; 25 years old; can read a little; a farmer.—Sentence, six months imprisonment.

D. B. Fortune went only within a quarter of a mile of the town on night of raid, and did not know what was to be done; never was sworn into the order; 21 years old; farmer; read and write tolerably.—Sentence, six months imprisonment.

All but the last two will be sent to the penitentiary at Albany, New York, to serve out their respective sentences. Moore and Fortune will be consigned to a common jail in this State.

On Friday, Jason H. Witherow, William McIntire and William Teal were tried and convicted of an assault and battery on Aaron Biggerstaff. They have not yet been sentenced.

Since Saturday last, the Court has been engaged on the trial of Amos Owens, and about twenty others, charged with an assault upon the same Biggerstaff. Not finished yet.

THE GALAXY for October presents its chief attraction in the brief article of Horace Greeley on the "One Term Principle." The argument is aimed at Gen. Grant, and is well sustained. Crapsey continues his sketches on the Nether Side of New York, and Phillips presents a very clever paper on Alexander Dumas. Anthony Trollope's new story, "The Eustace Diamonds" is continued, and the various departments of science, literature and fun are up to the usual standard. Sheldon & Co., No. 677 Broadway, New York, $4 per annum in advance.

In explanation of the catastrophe, an account of which is given in our General News department, and by which an entire county of Florida is represented to have sunk and been replaced by a lake, a recent writer states that the ocean waters flow under bog crusts in that State for many miles, and that salt-water fishes have been taken in "sink-holes," or openings in this crust sixty miles from the sea shore.—There have been analagous phenomena at various places throughout the country recently. Such a caving in, on a smaller scale, scared the people of Orange county, New York, not long since, and recalls the similar phenomenon in Iowa, that lately, in the same way, destroyed several miles of railroad that had been built over an unsuspected lake. So, too, in York county, Maine, the railroad which had been completed around a pond close to the town of Alfred, suddenly sank, and when the cause was sought it was found that an unsuspected body of water, sixty feet deep, lay under the meadow over which the road had been constructed. In Florida, such conditions exist more extensively than any where else.

There is a rumor afloat in Raleigh that United States District Attorney Starbuck is to be removed from office. The rumor seems to be considered of sufficient importance to warrant its being telegraphed throughout the country, North and South.

James Neely, of Fairfield county, Ohio, died recently, leaving money to the amount of $15,000, but as no one knows where the old gentleman kept his treasure, the heirs are left to the task of hunting it up. They have gone to work with pick and shovel, and have pretty well digged the farm on which Neely lived, from centre to circumference. On his death-bed Neely refused to tell his children where he had hidden the money he was known to possess.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

LOCAL ITEMS.

MYSTIFIED.—We understand that there is some confusion or mystification in the Internal Revenue affairs of the 6th District of this State, that the sale of revenue stamps has been stopped for the present in that District by orders from Washington, and that the Collector has gone to that city with his books and papers to see if matters cannot be straightened out.

FOUND DEAD.—We learn that the remains of a colored man, supposed to be those of "Josh," who has been missing from the poor-house for some time, were recently found in the woods in the eastern portion of the county. As no marks of violence were discernible upon the body, it is supposed that the unfortunate man died from exposure and natural causes.

FINE PEACHES.—Mr. Geo. H. Reniger, of East Bend, has sent us a few peaches of his own growing, which are delicious. They are of the improved variety, introduced by Conrad of the Yadkin Valley Nurseries, for whom Mr. R. is agent. We are informed that some of these peaches weighed seven ounces each. These sent us are large, sweet, juicy and very fragrant.

HARPER'S MONTHLY MAGAZINE for October reached us promptly as usual, and is very entertaining. The "New York Post Office," the defalcations in which make it quite notorious just now, forms the subject of a very interesting paper, its history and machinery being succinctly sketched. The "Yale College Expedition of 1870" is a pleasant memoir, and the "Origin and History of Postage Stamps" is also an interesting paper. "Teddy's Triumph" is a gem in the way of light literature. The present number will compare favorably with any of its cotemporary monthlies.—Harper & Bros., New York, $4 per annum. The PRESS and Harper for $5 per year.

SHIFTING THE DOCKET.—We are informed that Judge Cloud had a little trouble at Cherokee Court, which caused him much annoyance. The Solicitor of that District came into Court in no condition to attend to business, and the disgusted Judge thereupon took the State docket from him, and confided it to one of the members of the bar. This latter gentleman did not attend to the business in a manner to suit His Honor, who was compelled to deprive him of the docket and give it to another. Rough set out there in the "Ingin" country.

IMMERSION.—A large concourse of people assembled at "Belo's Pond" on Sunday last to witness the solemn and interesting administration of Baptism, according to the custom of the Missionary Baptist denomination of christians. The ceremony was peformed by Rev. F. M. Jordon, who immersed ten persons. The banks of the pond and neighboring heights presented a lively and picturesque scene.

New Advertisements.

Chas. A. Winkler and J. D. Tavis offer a valuable plantation for sale in this vicinity.

A. E. Conrad, Executor of J. J. Conrad, deceased, offers a lot Hogs, Horses, Cattle, Grain, Lime, 1 Threshing Machine, &c., for sale, on 9th 10th and 11th of October next.

Legal Notice—Davidson County.

RETURNED.—A family of six or eight persons, who removed from Cedar Falls, Randolph County, some two years since, to Iowa, passed through this place, Wednesday, on the way back to their old home. They travelled privately and comfortably, had good wagons and teams, and were on the way some forty-eight days.

CHRISTIAN EBERT, an old soldier of 1812, died at the residence of J. A. White, in Winston, on Tuesday night last. He was a citizen of Stokes County

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HARD AT WORK.—Elder Virgil A. Wilson, of the Christian Church, is now in Asheville, preaching nightly in the court-house. The *Pioneer* says that among the congregation assembled to hear him were some of the most intelligent citizens of that place, who appeared deeply interested in the original and forcible manner in which he presented the teachings of the New Testament. Elder Wilson's old friends about Pfafftown will be pleased to hear that he is busy propagating the faith.

THE ATLANTIC MONTHLY for October is rather more solid than entertaining. Mrs. Childs' paper on the "Intermingling of Religion" is dull, and Atkinson's essay on "Free Trade and Revenue Reform," though well written, is soporific. We are surprised to see the last article in the Atlantic. Mr. T. W. Higginson gives us two articles which are entertaining, while Aldrich, Whittier, Bret Harte and Mrs. Piatt furnish the poetry. Jas. R. Osgood & Co., No. 124 Tremont St., Boston, $4 per year in advance.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.—We are under obligations to the State Agricultural Society for a complimentary ticket to the approaching State Fair.

YADKIN SUPERIOR COURT.—Nothing of public interest transpired at Yadkin Court. The attendance of the bar was quite large, and Judge Cannon, who presided, seemed to give general satisfaction.

Davie Superior Court commences next Monday.

A descent was made a few days since, upon the still-house of Mr. Wm. Martin, in which seven barrels of brandy and whisky were captured, together with two stills and fixtures, a fine mule team, a lot of hogs, besides Mr. Martin himself and distiller, the last named being shot at while trying to elude the officers.

SLIGHT FROST yesterday morning.

STATE ITEMS.

The sub-committee appointed to examine into Kuklux affairs in North Carolina, met in Washington on the 23d inst., and examined Col. W. L. Saunders of North Carolina. Col. Saunders refused to answer all questions as to his connection, or the connection of any other person, with the so-called Kuklux organization, on the ground that he was not obliged to criminate himself or bring upon himself the punishment which, according to the decision of the Supreme Court of North Carolina, may be visited upon any member of the band of Kuklux for the misdeeds of their fellow-members. The act of Congress of January 24th, 1862, was read to him, wherein it is enacted that such a plea shall not be held good to excuse a witness from testifying before a Congressional committee, but he still persisted in his refusal to answer the questions put to him, saying he preferred relying on the Constitution of the United States rather than on an act of Congress. He was then informed that he would be reported to the full committee at its next meeting, when it is expected that Congress will take cognizance of the case and order his arrest for contempt.

The Lumberton *Robesonian* gives the particulars of a rascally affair which has just happened in that place. It seems that a few days after the late election, the notorious parson Sinclair, made a demand upon the post-master, Mr. Ivey, for five dollars, alleging that inasmuch as he, Sinclair, had lost much time canvassing the county in *behalf of the government* against Convention, he was entitled to some benefit from the government funds in the hands of the post-master, and threatened that, if his demand was not complied with, he would call the attention of the government at Washington to the fact that the postmaster had not supported *the government* in the late election, and by this means cause his removal from office. Mr. Ivey declined to comply with the outrageous demand, and—*he has been removed!*

Among the items on our fisst page will be found one relative to the robberry of Rinaldi & Co., at Elizabethton, of a large amount of money. The *Robesonian* now says it was on Tuesday when the theft was discovered, and the afternoon of the same day a carpet-bagger bailing from Vermont, named J. E. Eldridge, and late radical sheriff of the county, left in the train for the North, in company with a young man, a supposed accomplice. The circumstances connected with the robbery, and Eldridge's sudden flight from the county would seem to justify the belief that he was the thief. He and his accomplice would seem to have made good their escape from the State.

The Washington *Star* says that Mr. John D. Lang and Col D. C. Cox, of the Interior Department, have been designated by Secretary Delano, to proceed to North Carolina, and remove the Cherokees in that State to the Indian Territory, and that they will leave some time this week. There are about 1,500 Cherokees in the State, all of whom, says the *Star*, are anxious for a change of residence. Of this we do not believe one word, but on the contrary, we are convinced that the unfortunate Indians are forced away by seductive promises and ambignous threats, and that the sole object of their removal is to enable land-grabbers to get their improved lands for a very small per cent. of their value. We will see how it all turns out, after a little while.

A correspondent of the Asheville *Citizen* gets after Deputy U. S. Marshal A. E. Deaver, in the following fashion: "A warrant was obtained a few days ago for the arrest of a young man in Ivy, (Madison county,) on the charge of being a KuKlux. His father was told that his son was in much danger, if tried at the Federal Court now in session in Raleigh—everything being cut and dried for convicting everybody—and was so intimidated that he actually paid the Deputy U. S. Marshal, for his son's release, one hundred and fifty dollars in cash."

The Augusta Geo., *Chronicle* of the 21st inst., states that on the previous day the Chief of the Police in that city had received a telegram from High Point, N. C., asking him to arrest two young men, descriptions of whom were given, who would arrive on the Charlotte train. The parties, whose names were Merrimon and Winstead, were found on the train and taken into custody. They turned out to be students at college who had grown tired of their studies and had determined to take a trip West. They had purchased tickets to Memphis, and were very much astonished when arrested by the police.

The Wilmington *Journal* states that E. R. Brink, the postmaster at that place, has prosecuted Charles J. Grady, editor of the Wilmington *Post*, for defamation of character. Grady has been bailed in the sum of $5,000. Major J. C. Mann is also after Grady with a similar charge. The parties are all radicals, but Grady has not been running the *Post* for some time past to suit the views of certain prominent men of his party, and we presume this fact is at the bottom of the whole trouble. Grady, who is a political adventurer in North Carolina, wants to compromise, but it seems that the others insist that he shall give up hispaper to other parties and leave the State.

The Asheville *Citizen* says that Mr. S. C. Shelton has cut and cured about 30 barns of the finest tobacco ever raised in that or any other county. He will have a number more barns of it cured in another week. This is doing well for a county which, before Mr. Shelton went there from Stokes three years ago, raised no tobacco worth speaking of.

The amount of tax to be collected in Florida this year is very nearly one million of dollars, which is equal to one-eleventh of the total personal property valuation of the State. The people declare they cannot pay this tax. But it all shows the result of radical rule, which has been rampant in Florida since the war. In 1860, the whole State tax was only $117,808.85. Now nearly ten times as much.

A convention relative to emigration has been arranged between the United States and Great Britain. The British Commissioners of Emigration have approved the details of the scheme, and it has been transmitted to Washington city by the British Foreign Office.

The Italian government has expelled the Jesuits from Rome, and also the agents of the red republican agitators.

The Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows of the United States, recently in session in Chicago, adopted an amendment to its constitution, confining the privileges of the Order to white men.

Diptheria is prevalent about Warrenton, especially among the young children.

The People's Press.

SALEM, N. C.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 1871.

GEO. WALTER SITES,--EDITOR.

THE STATE FAIR.—In less than three weeks from this time the Annual Fair of the North Carolina Agricultural Society will be inaugurated in Raleigh. It commences on Oct. 17th, and closes Oct 20th. The importance of these Fairs to our State can hardly be over-estimated. We wish we could predict that the Fair of next month will eclipse all previous ones—we hope it will. Already have we heard of numerous entries of fine stock, agricultural productions and implements, manufactures and mechanical improvements. We trust every county in the State will be represented, and that our mechanics, merchants, farmers, artists, &c., will do their best to add to the display. Every article will add to the interest of the Fair. Let exhibitors remember the advantage to flow to our people and State from these annual exhibitions. It is seed sown in good ground, which after a time will bring forth a hundred fold.

Some of the radicals are proposing an increase in the salary of President Grant, and think that he ought to have one hundred thousand dollars a year. All of our Presidents, heretofore, got along on twenty-five thousand dollars a year, and some of them saved money on it. We know that a majority of our farmers, who are as good as President Grant, would have to work hard twenty years or more, before they could realize twenty-five thousand dollars. As to President Grant, he went into office quite poor, and now he is a wealthy man. How he managed to pile up riches, we do not care to explain at present, but his present salary is enough for him, or for any President.

"We have been trying all along to impress this truth upon the people—that it was foolish, nay, suicidal to place themselves in antagonism with the General Government."

Does not the Elizabeth City *North Carolinian*, from which we take the above, think it would be more honest and candid to draw the proper line of distinction between the General Government and the Administration, instead of insinuating, as it does, that they are one and the same thing? "I am the State," said Louis XIV to his trembling Parliament, but that was a despotic assumption in a tyrannous era when no man could say his life was his own. No individual—no party in this land of presumed liberty has the right to claim that he or it is the General Government. No person—no section—no political organization that we know of in this country is in antagonism with the Government, but we *hope and pray and believe* that next year a large popular majority will be found in antagonism with the despotic, demoralizing and costly manner in which the Government is administered by the radical party.

"The record of the Republican Party and the Republican Administration is one of which we may well feel proud."—*Elizabeth City North Carolinian, rad.*

It is not an unusual thing for confirmed scamps to be proud of their achievements. Such a feeling is caused by a perversion of the moral instincts which, in the eyes of the criminal, throws a kind of chivalrous glamour over his crimes. Jack Sheppard went to the scaffold as proud of his petty robberies as ever Alexander the Great was of his grand ones, or as the Republican party professes to be of a record which is black all over with rascality.

"Where is that Conservative pyramid, with California at the base and Maine at the apex, which used to appear so often in Conservative journals in September."

Exchange.

We are holding it back for next year, when we shall bring it out prior to a grand occasion—the election of a Democratic Conservative President. There is no reason why we should make a good thing too common, and therefore you don't see it now.

THE ECLECTIC MAGAZINE of Foreign Literature for October opens with a handsome portrait of Sir John Herschel, the great astronomer. The contents of this number are of unusual interest. The article on Darwin's Descent of Man is an able and scientific attack upon the views of that curious philosopher. The sketch entitled "Sir Walter Scott" is the best we have seen of the many written on the occasion of that illustrious author's centenary, while the remainder of the ample list of contents is full of merit. The Eclectic skims the cream of all the foreign magazines, and is one of our best periodicals.—E. R. Pelton, 108 Fulton St., New York $5 per annum in advance.

Major Hearne, the managing editor, has favored us with an advance sheet of his projected paper, the *North Carolinian*. Its tone is moderate and dignified, but it advances certain political views that we cannot commend. It seems to favor the reorganization of the old Democratic party as a *State* organization, and to this we are, at present, emphatically opposed for reasons that will be apparent to every intelligent Conservative in this section.

Hon. James E. Harvey has been compelled by ill-health to withdraw from the editorship of the Washington *Patriot*, the organ of the National Conservative Democracy. We trust his successor, Gen. Jeffries, will be as successful in his career as Mr. Harvey.

Spain is sending additional reinforcements to Cuba. Twelve hundred Spanish troops have left Cadiz for Havana.

The "Ku Klux" Convictions.

While we object most strenuously to the unconstitutional and partisan manner in which the parties charged with Ku Kluxism have been tried and convicted in Raleigh, we have no sympathy whatever for those of the defendants who were proved, beyond all doubt, to have committed the outrages laid to their charge. Claiming to be Conservatives, they rashly and criminally played into the hands of our delighted opponents, and struck us a blow that was more injurious to us than any the radicals could have inflicted upon us at this critical time. When we first received intelligence of the transactions in Rutherford, we said: "Let the guilty parties be ferreted out, and made to suffer, for it is the will and determination of North Carolina that there shall be peace, and law, and order within her borders." Since then we have referred but seldom to the affair, preferring to wait for developments before the Courts. The facts are now before us, and the guilty ones have been exposed.—As a Conservative, we repudiate them and their misdeeds, and, so far as we can help it, we do not intend that the Conservative party, which embraces the greater portion of the intelligence and respectability of the State, and which is essentially law-abiding, shall be held responsible for the reckless conduct of a few misguided men. That some of the defendants have been convicted upon the flimsiest testimony, and that they are really innocent, we believe, and these we are sorry for. We have never believed in the Jesuitical maxim that "the end justifies the means," still we trust that the result of these trials, illegal as we hold them to be, partisan in their every detail, and at variance with the principles of constitutional liberty handed down to us by our fathers, will serve to destroy all secret political organizations in the State, whether Ku Klux, Leagues, or what not. Adopting the sentiment, if not the language of a late writer, we assert that all organizations, not openly and avowedly political, but intended to influence political affairs as organizations, are always dangerous. The Prœtorian Guards of Rome grew in strength and insolence till they made and unmade Emperors, and, at one time, they even sold the throne of the world to the highest bidder—the rich Didius Julianus. It was the same thing with the Janizaries, who ruled the Ottoman empire for two hundred years with a rod of iron, until the stern Mahmoud gave them over to massacre some fifty years since. And we have a still later instance in the secret International Society of Europe, which, passing under the name of the Commune in France, deluged the fair city of Paris with blood, and surrendered its noblest edifices to the flames only five short months ago.

The Washington *Patriot* says there is abundant proof before the Kuklux Committee now in session in that city to show how frauds were perpetrated under the radical legislature of North Carolina in 1868–'70. The following bit of of testimony discloses the process, as developed by one out of many witnesses:

Question. How have the financial affairs of your State been maanged?

Answer. The State has been plundered openly.

Question. In what way?

Answer. The Legislature that was elected in 1868——

Question. Under this same military reconstruction?

Answer. Yes, sir; under the samo military direction. A set of men were elected that had no interest in the State at all, or very little. * * * They would just vote out the bonds of the State with the understanding that a certain part of them would be divided among them. I was a director of this Wilmington, Charlotte, & Rutherford railroad. A message came in a circuitous way to the board of directors, (we needed funds to finish the road,) that if we would ask for ten millions of dollars of bonds, they would let us have them, provided they received 5 or 10 per cent. on them; they would vote ten millions of bonds to this railroad company provided certain managers were allowed to retain either 5 or 10 per cent.—I have forgotten which it was.

Question. That proposition came directly from the Legislature?

Answer. It came from certain parties in the Legislature in such a way that we were assured it was a proposition, and that it would be carried out. It was in that way our present State debt has been made.

* * * *

Question. None of the bonds were expended in the construction of the roads?

Answer. None. That Legislature was so corrupt that when the three commissioners, appointed to draft the laws, tendered to the Legislature several chapters for passage by the Legislature, they swore that they would not vote for them at all unless they were paid for it.

SCRIBNER'S MONTHLY ILLUSTRATED MAGAZINE for October is full of pictures and excellent reading matter. This periodical is edited with unremitting care, and can be conscientiously recommended for the home circle. "An Island on Fire" is a graphic account of a volcano in the Sandwich Islands. "The Last of the Pequods" is a sketch of Eunice Mahwee, who is said to be literally the last survivor of that famous tribe of Indians. "Was Adam the First Man?" is a dissertation on one of the most absorbing topics of the day. All the other articles are neatly written, and add much to the interest of this number.

Major Marcus Erwin and Hon. Lewis Hanes announce themselves as co-editors of the Carolina *Era*. We apprehend that these gentlemen have a rough journey before them.

Col. John K. Connolly, formerly of Yadkin county, but now residing in Richmond, Va., is prominent among the candidates for the Conservative nomination for State Senator from that city.

Conservative or Democratic.

The following article, which we take from the Wilmington *Star* of the 20th inst., expresses our own views so well that we do not hesitate to transfer it to our columns. The attempt on the part of certain politicians to reorganize the old Democratic party in North Carolina, is fraught with danger to the anti-radical cause, and, though they *may* not intend it, those who are advocating such a reorganization, are playing immediately into the hands of the radical leaders:

A cotemporary suggests that the first thing the Central Executive Committee of the Conservative party should do, on assembling in Raleigh, October 18th, is to drop the word "Conservative" as a party designation.

For our own part, we think it would be far more sensible to drop the word "Democratic." But we submit that this Committee has no right to determine by what name the anti-Radicals of North Carolina shall be called. That is a question to be determined by our State Convention which will assemble to nominate a candidate for Governor, and to take such other action as may be proper, some time before the next August election.

In this connection, we hear that there is a movement on foot to reorganize the Democratic party in North Carolina. We do not know whether there be any truth in the report or not. But assuming it to be true, we beg leave to call the attention of our friends to the fact that this is just what the radicals most desire. They would be delighted to see the Conservative organization dissolved and the simon-pure Democracy organized in its stead. Even Mr. Lewis Hanes, the most recent convert to Republicanism in North Carolina, thinks it would be a good thing. He says: "We can see many reasons why the Democrats of the State should desire such a reorganization." And by "such a reorganization" he says he means the "reorganization of the *old* Democratic party under Democratic leaders."

Now, we wish it distinctly understood that, whatever name may be inscribed on the banner of the anti-Radical party in North Carolina, we intend to fight under that banner as long as one shred or tatter of it is left. But we do not for that reason surrender our right to discuss the proper policy to be pursued; and we say now that it will weaken our party in North Carolina to make a change of front in the face of our enemy.

We understand thoroughly the threadbare argument that, because the opponents of Radicalism in the North are known as Democrats, their political allies in North Carolina should be similarly named; and, furthermore, we concede that the advocates of this policy are honest in their convictions that it is the proper one to adopt. And yet we are decidedly of the opinion that they never made a greater mistake in their lives. There are thousands of Conservatives in this State, especially in the counties of Randolph, Guilford, Davidson, Moore, Chatham and Montgomery counties who look with suspicion on everything and everybody to which the word Democrat is attached; and the point to be considered is not whether this is a foolish prejudice on the part of those people, but whether it really be a fact that they are so prejudiced. If they are, then it were folly not to attempt to conciliate their prejudices.

But the most striking proof of the correctness of our general views on this question is furnished by the recent action of the Conservatives of Virginia—a State which has been famous for the unadulterated character of its Democracy from the days of the resolutions of 1798–'99 down to the close of the war. Well, what did the Virginia Conservatives do in Convention assembled? Why, notwithstanding the fact that scores of the delegates (such men as "Extra Billy Smith and Fayette McMullin) were life-long Democrats, they very properly left this question of changing the party name severely alone.

We never see the anti-radicals of Virginia spoken of as the Democratic party, or as the Democratic-Conservative party. They are known throughout the State as Conservatives; and as Conservatives they will all go to the polls and vote for the nominees of the National Democratic Convention in 1872.

The Salisbury Watchman.

The *Old North State* newspaper was sold on the 16th inst., to Mr. J. J. Bruner, who, much to our gratification, revives that safe and respectable old journal, the Salisbury *Watchman*. Mr. Bruner is one of our true North Carolina editors, who, like Yates of the Charlotte *Democrat*, Drake of the Statesville *American*, and others that we might name, avoid sensations, adhere to facts, and speak out according to their convictions of right in all matters of public policy, careless whether they offend the politicians or not. Mr. Bruner gives us an indication of his future political course when he says: "He is *habitually* 'Conservative,' his understanding of the word being—obedience to the laws; lawful means for rectifying wrongs; restoration and preservation of the wise and good features of our form of government; honesty and capability for office; a strict accountability of officials; punishment of those abusing a public trust; avoidance of rash and reckless measures; the welfare of the State above that of individuals, corporations and parties."

L. F. Melton, Esq., of Rutherford County, one of the witnesses dragged to Raleigh, to give testimony in the Kuklux trials, died in that city on last Monday evening. His disease was paralysis, probably produced by exposure and worriment. His remains were sent home next day.

Arrangements have been made for a grand ball in Raleigh during the Fair week.

U. S. Circuit Court.

On Wednesday evening of last week, ten of the prisoners on trial before this Court in Raleigh, were found guilty. The following were the sentences imposed on Friday, as taken from the *Sentinel*:

R. A. Shotwell: Judge Bond asked the prisoner what he had to say in mitigation of punishment. The prisoner said the testimony against him was in many cases very false—in some ridiculously false.—That was all he desired to say. Judge Bond said the court regarded the prisoner as the most guilty party, as he was a leader in the organization, and as he was a neighbor of Justice, whose only offence was a difference in political opinion, there could be no mitigation in the case. The sentence of the court was that the prisoner be imprisoned with hard labor for *six years* and fined *five thousand dollars*.

Amos Owen was next called up. Mr. Strong appealed for leniency on the ground that the prisoner had a wife and seven or eight children, most of whom were females. His position in society and the low order of his intelligence showed that he took no leading or controlling part in the matter. The prisoner stated to the court that as he understood the matter he ought not to be punished, and would not have justice if punished. The court sentenced the prisoner to six years hard labor and a fine of five thousand dollars.

A. Depriest: In his case Mr. Fuller drew attention to the fact that he was a mere boy and did not go on the raid.—Could read and write; was not twenty years old. Sentence: two years hard labor and five hundred dollars fine.

George Holland: Twenty-three years old; a farmer, and had a wife and family; could read and write. Judge Bond, as it did not appear the prisoner had been actually engaged in the raid, sentenced him to *two* years hard labor and $500.

J. W. McIntire: Twenty-one years old; can read and write a little; not married. Sentence, two years hard labor and $500 fine.

William Teal: Married, with two children; can read and write a little; a farmer; twenty-five years old; never saw Justice the night of the raid, and did nothing; went with the crowd; they did not say what they were going to do. Sentence, three years hard labor and $500 fine.

David Colling stated that he was not guilty as charged; was not at Rutherfordton at the time of the raid; was at home, in Spartanburg, S. C.; was not in the den when the matter was spoken of. In lending his gun and mule he did not know what purposes they were to be put to.—Judge Bond said that the den in South Carolina, to which prisoner belonged, had raided every decent man out of the town, and was a terror to the people. Sentence, four years hard labor and $500 fine.

Wm. Scruggs did not feel like he was much guilty; lived in South Carolina; was 47 years old; was married; a farmer; what he did was done through ignorance. Sentence, three years hard labor and $500 fine.

Spencer R. Moore was on the raid, but did not know what was to be done; 25 years old; can read a little; a farmer.—Sentence, six months imprisonment.

D. B. Fortune went only within a quarter of a mile of the town on night of raid, and did not know what was to be done; never was sworn into the order; 21 years old; farmer; read and write tolerably.—Sentence, six months imprisonment.

All but the last two will be sent to the penitentiary at Albany, New York, to serve out their respective sentences. Moore and Fortune will be consigned to a common jail in this State.

On Friday, Jason H. Witherow, William McIntire and William Teal were tried and convicted of an assault and battery on Aaron Biggerstaff. They have not yet been sentenced.

Since Saturday last, the Court has been engaged on the trial of Amos Owens, and about twenty others, charged with an assault upon the same Biggerstaff. Not finished yet.

THE GALAXY for October presents its chief attraction in the brief article of Horace Greeley on the "One Term Principle." The argument is aimed at Gen. Grant, and is well sustained. Crapsey continues his sketches on the Nether Side of New York, and Phillips presents a very clever paper on Alexander Dumas. Anthony Trollope's new story, "The Eustace Diamonds" is continued, and the various departments of science, literature and fun are up to the usual standard. Sheldon & Co., No. 677 Broadway, New York, $4 per annum in advance.

In explanation of the catastrophe, an account of which is given in our General News department, and by which an entire county of Florida is represented to have sunk and been replaced by a lake, a recent writer states that the ocean waters flow under bog crusts in that State for many miles, and that salt-water fishes have been taken in "sink-holes," or openings in this crust sixty miles from the sea shore.—There have been analagous phenomena at various places throughout the country recently. Such a caving in, on a smaller scale, scared the people of Orange county, New York, not long since, and recalls the similar phenomenon in Iowa, that lately, in the same way, destroyed several miles of railroad that had been built over an unsuspected lake. So, too, in York county, Maine, the railroad which had been completed around a pond close to the town of Alfred, suddenly sank, and when the cause was sought it was found that an unsuspected body of water, sixty feet deep, lay under the meadow over which the road had been constructed. In Florida, such conditions exist more extensively than any where else.

There is a rumor afloat in Raleigh that United States District Attorney Starbuck is to be removed from office. The rumor seems to be considered of sufficient importance to warrant its being telegraphed throughout the country, North and South.

James Neely, of Fairfield county, Ohio, died recently, leaving money to the amount of $15,000, but as no one knows where the old gentleman kept his treasure, the heirs are left to the task of hunting it up. They have gone to work with pick and shovel, and have pretty well digged the farm on which Neely lived, from centre to circumference. On his death-bed Neely refused to tell his children where he had hidden the money he was known to possess.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

LOCAL ITEMS.

MYSTIFIED.—We understand that there is some confusion or mystification in the Internal Revenue affairs of the 6th District of this State, that the sale of revenue stamps has been stopped for the present in that District by orders from Washington, and that the Collector has gone to that city with his books and papers to see if matters cannot be straightened out.

FOUND DEAD.—We learn that the remains of a colored man, supposed to be those of "Josh," who has been missing from the poor-house for some time, were recently found in the woods in the eastern portion of the county. As no marks of violence were discernible upon the body, it is supposed that the unfortunate man died from exposure and natural causes.

FINE PEACHES.—Mr. Geo. H. Reniger, of East Bend, has sent us a few peaches of his own growing, which are delicious. They are of the improved variety, introduced by Conrad of the Yadkin Valley Nurseries, for whom Mr. R. is agent. We are informed that some of these peaches weighed seven ounces each. These sent us are large, sweet, juicy and very fragrant.

HARPER'S MONTHLY MAGAZINE for October reached us promptly as usual, and is very entertaining. The "New York Post Office," the defalcations in which make it quite notorious just now, forms the subject of a very interesting paper, its history and machinery being succinctly sketched. The "Yale College Expedition of 1870" is a pleasant memoir, and the "Origin and History of Postage Stamps" is also an interesting paper. "Teddy's Triumph" is a gem in the way of light literature. The present number will compare favorably with any of its cotemporary monthlies.—Harper & Bros., New York, $4 per annum. The PRESS and Harper for $5 per year.

SHIFTING THE DOCKET.—We are informed that Judge Cloud had a little trouble at Cherokee Court, which caused him much annoyance. The Solicitor of that District came into Court in no condition to attend to business, and the disgusted Judge thereupon took the State docket from him, and confided it to one of the members of the bar. This latter gentleman did not attend to the business in a manner to suit His Honor, who was compelled to deprive him of the docket and give it to another. Rough set out there in the "Ingin" country.

IMMERSION.—A large concourse of people assembled at "Belo's Pond" on Sunday last to witness the solemn and interesting administration of Baptism, according to the custom of the Missionary Baptist denomination of christians. The ceremony was peformed by Rev. F. M. Jordon, who immersed ten persons. The banks of the pond and neighboring heights presented a lively and picturesque scene.

New Advertisements.

Chas. A. Winkler and J. D. Tavis offer a valuable plantation for sale in this vicinity.

A. E. Conrad, Executor of J. J. Conrad, deceased, offers a lot Hogs, Horses, Cattle, Grain, Lime, 1 Threshing Machine, &c., for sale, on 9th 10th and 11th of October next.

Legal Notice—Davidson County.

RETURNED.—A family of six or eight persons, who removed from Cedar Falls, Randolph County, some two years since, to Iowa, passed through this place, Wednesday, on the way back to their old home. They travelled privately and comfortably, had good wagons and teams, and were on the way some forty-eight days.

CHRISTIAN EBERT, an old soldier of 1812, died at the residence of J. A. White, in Winston, on Tuesday night last. He was a citizen of Stokes County

HARD AT WORK.—Elder Virgil A. Wilson, of the Christian Church, is now in Asheville, preaching nightly in the court-house. The *Pioneer* says that among the congregation assembled to hear him were some of the most intelligent citizens of that place, who appeared deeply interested in the original and forcible manner in which he presented the teachings of the New Testament. Elder Wilson's old friends about Pfafftown will be pleased to hear that he is busy propagating the faith.

THE ATLANTIC MONTHLY for October is rather more solid than entertaining. Mrs. Childs' paper on the "Intermingling of Religion" is dull, and Atkinson's essay on "Free Trade and Revenue Reform," though well written, is soporific. We are surprised to see the last article in the Atlantic. Mr. T. W. Higginson gives us two articles which are entertaining, while Aldrich, Whittier, Bret Harte and Mrs. Piatt furnish the poetry. Jas. R. Osgood & Co., No. 124 Tremont St., Boston, $4 per year in advance.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.—We are under obligations to the State Agricultural Society for a complimentary ticket to the approaching State Fair.

YADKIN SUPERIOR COURT.—Nothing of public interest transpired at Yadkin Court. The attendance of the bar was quite large, and Judge Cannon, who presided, seemed to give general satisfaction.

Davie Superior Court commences next Monday.

A descent was made a few days since, upon the still-house of Mr. Wm. Martin, in which seven barrels of brandy and whisky were captured, together with two stills and fixtures, a fine mule team, a lot of hogs, besides Mr. Martin himself and distiller, the last named being shot at while trying to elude the officers.

SLIGHT FROST yesterday morning.

STATE ITEMS.

The sub-committee appointed to examine into Kuklux affairs in North Carolina, met in Washington on the 23d inst., and examined Col. W. L. Saunders of North Carolina. Col. Saunders refused to answer all questions as to his connection, or the connection of any other person, with the so-called Kuklux organization, on the ground that he was not obliged to criminate himself or bring upon himself the punishment which, according to the decision of the Supreme Court of North Carolina, may be visited upon any member of the band of Kuklux for the misdeeds of their fellow-members. The act of Congress of January 24th, 1862, was read to him, wherein it is enacted that such a plea shall not be held good to excuse a witness from testifying before a Congressional committee, but he still persisted in his refusal to answer the questions put to him, saying he preferred relying on the Constitution of the United States rather than on an act of Congress. He was then informed that he would be reported to the full committee at its next meeting, when it is expected that Congress will take cognizance of the case and order his arrest for contempt.

The Lumberton *Robesonian* gives the particulars of a rascally affair which has just happened in that place. It seems that a few days after the late election, the notorious parson Sinclair, made a demand upon the post-master, Mr. Ivey, for five dollars, alleging that inasmuch as he, Sinclair, had lost much time canvassing the county in *behalf of the government* against Convention, he was entitled to some benefit from the government funds in the hands of the post-master, and threatened that, if his demand was not complied with, he would call the attention of the government at Washington to the fact that the postmaster had not supported *the government* in the late election, and by this means cause his removal from office. Mr. Ivey declined to comply with the outrageous demand, and—*he has been removed!*

Among the items on our first page will be found one relative to the robberry of Rinaldi & Co., at Elizabethton, of a large amount of money. The *Robesonian* now says it was on Tuesday when the theft was discovered, and the afternoon of the same day a carpet-bagger hailing from Vermont, named J. E. Eldridge, and late radical sheriff of the county, left in the train for the North, in company with a young man, a supposed accomplice. The circumstances connected with the robbery, and Eldridge's sudden flight from the county would seem to justify the belief that he was the thief. He and his accomplice would seem to have made good their escape from the State.

The Washington *Star* says that Mr. John D. Lang and Col D. C. Cox, of the Interior Department, have been designated by Secretary Delano, to proceed to North Carolina, and remove the Cherokees in that State to the Indian Territory, and that they will leave some time this week. There are about 1,500 Cherokees in the State, all of whom, says the *Star*, are anxious for a change of residence. Of this we do not believe one word, but on the contrary, we are convinced that the unfortunate Indians are forced away by seductive promises and ambignous threats, and that the sole object of their removal is to enable land-grabbers to get their improved lands for a very small per cent. of their value. We will see how it all turns out, after a little while.

A correspondent of the Asheville *Citizen* gets after Deputy U. S. Marshal A. E. Deaver, in the following fashion: "A warrant was obtained a few days ago for the arrest of a young man in Ivy, (Madison county,) on the charge of being a KuKlux. His father was told that his son was in much danger, if tried at the Federal Court now in session in Raleigh—everything being cut and dried for convicting everybody—and was so intimidated that he actually paid the Deputy U. S. Marshal, for his son's release, one hundred and fifty dollars in cash."

The Augusta Geo., *Chronicle* of the 21st inst., states that on the previous day the Chief of the Police in that city had received a telegram from High Point, N. C., asking him to arrest two young men, descriptions of whom were given, who would arrive on the Charlotte train. The parties, whose names were Merrimon and Winstead, were found on the train and taken into custody. They turned out to be students at college who had grown tired of their studies and had determined to take a trip West. They had purchased tickets to Memphis, and were very much astonished when arrested by the police.

The Wilmington *Journal* states that E. R. Brink, the postmaster at that place, has prosecuted Charles J. Grady, editor of the Wilmington *Post*, for defamation of character. Grady has been bailed in the sum of $5,000. Major J. C. Mann is also after Grady with a similar charge. The parties are all radicals, but Grady has not been running the *Post* for some time past to suit the views of certain prominent men of his party, and we presume this fact is at the bottom of the whole trouble. Grady, who is a political adventurer in North Carolina, wants to compromise, but it seems that the others insist that he shall give up hispaper to other parties and leave the State.

The Asheville *Citizen* says that Mr. S. C. Shelton has cut and cured about 30 barns of the finest tobacco ever raised in that or any other county. He will have a number more barns of it cured in another week. This is doing well for a county which, before Mr. Shelton went there from Stokes three years ago, raised no tobacco worth speaking of.

The amount of tax to be collected in Florida this year is very nearly one million of dollars, which is equal to one-eleventh of the total personal property valuation of the State. The people declare they cannot pay this tax. But it all shows the result of radical rule, which has been rampant in Florida since the war. In 1860, the whole State tax was only $117,808.85. Now nearly ten times as much.

A convention relative to emigration has been arranged between the United States and Great Britain. The British Commissioners of Emigration have approved the details of the scheme, and it has been transmitted to Washington city by the British Foreign Office.

The Italian government has expelled the Jesuits from Rome, and also the agents of the red republican agitators.

The Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows of the United States, recently in session in Chicago, adopted an amendment to its constitution, confining the privileges of the Order to white men.

Diptheria is prevalent about Warrenton, especially among the young children.

The Goldsboro, N. C., correspondent of the Richmond *Dispatch* says: A number of the most respectable citizens of this place have been bailed to answer before the United States grand jury, chiefly composed of Holden's militia, now in session at Raleigh, for violation of the fourteenth amendment in, as it is alleged, buying negro votes during the recent convention election. The penalty is $500 fine and imprisonment for twelve months, and in view of the material of which the grand and petty juries and the court are composed there is every reason to dread convictions without regard to facts or evid ence.

The Wilmington *Journal*, speaking of the Judicial farce recently enacted in Raleigh, says; "We repeat, what we have so often said, that we are no apologists for secret, unlawful associations, and that we would not shield the guilty from the consequences of their acts; but we want the country to appreciate the mockery of law, under federal sanction, which is holding high carnival in North Carolina. Kuklux-ism is very bad, but judicial crime, in the name of Law, is infinitely worse!"

On the 15th inst., says the Wilmington *Star*, Mr. Archibald Lawhorn, residing near Little Coharie Swamp, Sampson county, was found murdered. He was missed from home, and the neighbors started out to search for him, when his body was found in the swamp, where he had been waylaid and shot. Several balls had entered his body. Suspicion rests upon a certain party, but no arrests have yet been made

We learn from the Raleigh *Sentinel*, that Capt. B. W. Justice, chief clerk of Messrs. A. G. Lee & Co., in that city, came to his death on the 22nd inst., by falling through the hatchway from the third to the first floor of the store. His skull was badly fractured, and he received severe internal injuries. He died in a few hours.

The Greensboro *Patriot* says that owing to the indisposition of Judge Tourgee, who was prostrated with an attack of bilious fever, there was no Court in Rockingham county last week. There will be a special term probably in the second week of Person Court.

The Statesville *American* announces that it is in possession of statements and facts concerning revenue affairs—we presume it means in its own, the 6th District—which it will lay before the public in a short while, and which will develope a species of official rascality, that will make certain corrupt magnates of the Government quake in their boots.

A portion of the stockholders of the North Carolina R. R., held an adjourned meeting in Greensboro on the 20th inst., R. W. Ford, of Cabarrus, in the chair, and Jesse H. Lindsay acting as secretary. A sufficient amount of stock not being represented, after some brief remarks from D. F. Caldwell, Esq., and C. P. Mendenhall, Esq., it was resolved to adjourn, to meet in Greensboro on the 20th day of next December.

The Goldsboro *Messenger* learns that on the 17th inst., the barn and its contents, of Mr. John R. Cox, in Greene county, were totally destroyed by fire during the absence of that gentleman and his family. A colored man named Amos Edwards has been arrested and committed to jail on the charge of being the incendiary.

A worthy colored man, says the Wilmington *Journal*, named Alfred Howard, was killed on the 21st inst., by the earth caving in upon him while he was digging a well in that city. The well was 20 feet deep, and Howard was covered to the depth of several feet. It took about three hours to unearth him, when life was found to be extinct.

Mr. Hugh McNair, a gentleman well known in business circles throughout the State, died very suddenly in Washington, N. C., on the 29th inst. He lay down on the previous afternoon, says the *Express*, fell asleep, and never woke again.

The Washington, N. C., *Express* says that Dr. Jesse Bryan caught in his seine, just below town, recently, a shark eight feet long. This is the second one the Doctor has caught in those waters. Pamlico river must be a good place for bathing.

We learn from the *Robesonian* that on the 14th inst., Mr. Enoch Ward, Register of Deeds for that county, while standing in the post-office in conversation with the post-master, suddenly fell to the floor and instantly expired.

The Elizabeth City *Carolinian* says that a young man named Wilson Towner, of South Mills, committed suicide on the evening of the 15th inst. He had been missed for some time, but was not found until Sunday evening, when his body was discovered hanging in a stable.

The Wilmington *Journal* learns that the radical Sheriff of Bladen county has departed for parts unknown, carrying with him a considerable amount of funds. "Go back, thieves," says Horace Greeley—"Come back, thief!" exclaim the tax-ridden people of Bladen. Without knowing, we wager the bond of this official is worthless. "One by one," &c.

The Annual Exhibit of the Board o County Commissioners of Robeson shows the following taxes collected on polls: 1,205 white polls at $1.10, $1325.50; 931 colored polls at $1.10, $124.10. There is either a big mistake in that report, or else the colored folks are nearly all insolvent.

S. T. Hooper, Esq., has been appointed Sheriff of Richmond county *vice* John Shortridge, resigned, and Rev. R. S. Ledbetter has been appointed County Treasurer *vice* Alfred Dockery, resigned.

The Wilson *Plaindealer* says that Mr. Dempsey Eason, a citizen of that county, was taken sick while out walking on the 15th inst. He stopped at a gentleman's house to rest, and died in half an hour. There seems to be an epidemic of sudden deaths all over the country.

It is said that the cattle distemper is destroying the stock in Buncombe and Henderson counties, and that numbers of cattle are dying daily. The disease was introduced from South Carolina.

The Newbern *Republican* says there was a slight flurry of snow in the vicinity of Dover and Kinston on the 21st inst. This is very early especially for that section of the State. It was pretty cool and blustery here about Salem on the evening and night of that day, but snow was far enough off.

Since the transfer of the North Carolina R. R., to the Richmond & Danville line, the fares have been reduced to 4½ cents per mile for first class, and 3 cents per mile for second class passengers.

North Carolina ranks 14th, in population, of the States of the Union. Her population, classed as follows, is 678,470 white, 391,650 colored, and 1,241 Indians. Total 1,071,361.

GENERAL NEWS.

The Florida mails give meagre and vague accounts of an astonishing phenomenon at Apopka, Orange county, in that State. The whole county disappeared in one night, and its site is now covered by a great lake. Rumors are rife that the town of Orlando is swallowed up, and the whole chain of lakes to Lake Conway are now united and form an immense inland sea. Orange county is in the lower part of Florida, and was little else but swamp, everglade and lakes. A gentleman, Mr. Alex. R. Foster, was nearly caught on horseback, by the bog quake, but managed to reach firm land. He says:—"The first thing that attracted attention was that the trees were moving—first a gyratory motion of the top, then some sinking gradually out of sight, the tops revolving more and more rapidly as they sunk and disappeared, others following, and as they fell revolving and describing arcs of a circle against the sky. Then the whole earth, as far as the eye could reach, sinking, and its place supplied by a sea of waters, rushing, seething, boiling with the noise of mighty cataracts, and ever and anon casting to the surface the roots, tops or bodies of mighty pines and oaks."

A colored man in Alexandria, Va., has been trying to play Elijah and be fed by ravens, but it didn't work. Three weeks ago he left his employer, dressed in his Sunday clothes, saying he would work for man no more, as the Lord would provide for him. He was found last Saturday nearly starved to death, and so weak that he could hardly crawl, having eaten only two peaches and a pear in twelve days.—Not a single raven came to feed him, and the doctors have him now in the lunatic asylum, trying to get Elijah out of him.

A Boston speculator, who recently bought a large lot of unimproved land in the suburbs of that city, proceeded to erect a block of six houses on the wrong corner. The blunder was not discovered until the brick had been piled to the third story, when the owner of the lots demanded a double price for them. The speculator flew into a rage, and the houses are being pulled down. He will be careful to find out exactly where he is building next time.

Hodge, the defaulting paymaster, an account of whose transactions was given in last week's *Press*, was appointed a paymaster in the volunteers in 1861 by Lincoln; he is an extreme radical in politics, and was transferred to the regular army in 1867, and detailed since that time on special duty in Washington. He is now to be court-martialed and dismissed from the army.

A man who has a claim for $2,068 against the city of New Orleans recently failed in an attempt to compel payment by mandamus from a District Court, and in order to bring it within the jurisdiction of a Justice, filed in his office 2,068 suits for $1 each. Should he be allowed to do this, and win his suit, the city cannot carry the matter to the Supreme Court.

An interesting young lady, named Miss Richards, while on her way from Florida to the North, for the benefit of her health, was seized with convulsions in an omnibus in Washington city, on the 20th inst., while proceeding to the railroad depot.—She was at once conveyed back to the hotel, but died in half an hour.

In New York city, on the 22nd inst., two little girls, named Etta Robinson and Geneva Fradley, were kidnapped while returning from school, by a man who gave them some candy and induced them to go with him. A woman overheard the conversation, but thought the man was acquainted with the children.

The Southern Claims Commission will resume its sessions in Washington city for the examination of cases, on the 2nd of October. They have indexed 7,500 claims, aggregating $20,000,000. The Committee has heard 600 cases, and adjudicated upon 150, but they will report to Congress 300 cases with a synopsis of evidence.

A woman in Milwaukee whose husband had been worried to death by a creditor, married the creditor and worried him to death in less than six months. "Time at last sets all things even."

The people of Rhode Island are to be congratulated upon the adoption of the "narrow-guage" railroad system. It will enable them to have a railroad without laying either rail in an adjoining State.

The Washington *Patriot* says the convictions in the U. S. Circuit Court in Raleigh are not surprising, with a packed jury of partisans.

The New Orleans *Bee* makes the surprising statement that among the Roman Catholic Sisters of Charity now in that city is a sister of Edward Everett, of Massachusetts, and a cousin of John C. Breckinridge, of Kentucky.

An escaped negro convict was arrested in Atlanta, Geo., some days ago, at a baptizing, where he was officiating in the capacity of clergyman. The officers quickly jerked the hypocrite out of his baptismal robes.

A girl in Racine, Wisconsin, wanted her lover to swear faith to her on the Bible, and as he wouldn't do it, she knocked him down with the volume. Now he has gone and sued her for assault and battery.

It is said that the wheat crop, or, as Englishmen call it, the corn crop, is lamentably short in Great Britain. The unfavorable season has caused this. In France the same state of affairs is reported.

The trial, by court-martial, of Henri Rochefort, the notorious French agitator, has been concluded. He has been found guilty and sentenced to transportation to a penal colony for life.

The New York *World*, speaking of the trial of the political prisoners in Raleigh by a partisan court and jury, says: "Holden is understood to be at the bottom of the job from motives of revenge."

The yellow fever has broken out at Cedar Keys, Florida, in a virulent and epidemic form. It is feared that the disease will extend along the Gulf, and appear on the Atlantic coast.

James O'Brien, a wealthy miser of Jersey City, has been committed to the county jail for refusing to pay ten dollars a week for the support of his wife and child.

The colored youths of Richmond, Va., have formed an association which they call the "Infant Sons of Love."

There is a fish store in Somerville, Mass., with a sign on which is printed, "Leviticus xi, 9th and 10th verses."

The great swine Fair at St. Louis last week was a great success—over the left. The receipts were $1,800 and the expenses $10,000.

Alexander Green, colored, while engaged in cutting wood, a few days since, near Wilmington, by an accidental slip of the the axe cut off a portion of his left foot.

MARRIED,

In Winston, on the 14th inst., by Rev. Mr. Franklin, Mr. D. J. L. THOMAS to Miss ELMIRA SHOUSE.

In the Episcopal Church at Leaksville, N. C., on Wednesday evening, the 13th inst., by Rev. John R. Lee, ANTHONY PRARIE, Esq., to Miss EMMA CARRIE POLLARD, all of Leaksville, N. C.

On Thursday the 21st inst., by Rev. Robert Gouarly, Mr. J. W. WHICKER to Miss LYDIA A. PARISH.

DIED,

In this place, on Friday, 22nd inst., Mr. GEORGE FOLTZ, aged 73 years and 6 months.

In Iredell county, N. C., on the 21st inst., J. L. NICHOLSON, of Fever. The deceased was a worthy gentleman, a Mason, and Secretary of Hunting Creek Lodge.

In Surry county, on the 20th inst., Mrs. JAMES HUTSHELL, aged about 60 years.

In Mt. Airy on the 14th inst., Mrs. SALLY H DURHAM, aged 93 years.

In Rockingham, on the 16th inst., PERCY, son of the late Renj. H. and M. A. H. Covington, aged 6 years.

THE MARKETS.

SALEM, N. C., Sept. 29, 1871.

Provisions.		*Provisions.*	
Bacon,	12½@15	Chop,	2
Lard,	15@	Bran,	1½
Pork	0@00	*Grain.*	
Beef,	4@10	Wheat,	1 50@1 60
Veal,	5@8	Corn,	90@1 00
Mutton,	6@8	" (old)	00@0 00
Butter,	25@00	Rye,	90@1 00
Flour	4@4½	Oats,	60@00
		Peas,	85@90

DANVILLE TOBACCO MARKET.

DANVILLE, Sept. 26.

No Change.

Lugs—Common, Red,	$5 00	to	$7 00
" Good working,	6 00	to	8 00
" Com'n, Bright	8 00	to	12 00
" Fine, "	15 00	to	30 00
Extra lots higher.			
Leaf—Common Red,	8 00	to	10 00
" Good	10 00	to	12 00
" Good, rich, waxy,	12 00	to	18 00
" Common Bright,	15 00	to	30 00
" Good, "	25 00	to	40 00
" Fine, "	40 00	to	60 00
" Extra fine lots,	60 00	to	75 00

New York, Sept. 26.—Cotton, 19⅜ a 20 Flour, 6 50 to 7 20; Corn, 72½ a 00 Wheat, 1 56 a 1 59; Gold, 114½; Bonds, N. C. old, 41½, new 23.

Baltimore, Sept. 26.—Cotton 19½ a 19¾ Flour 5 25 a 6 37; Wheat, $1 57½ a $1 73; Corn white, 80 a 85, yellow, 73 a 75; Oats, 51 a 55, Bacon, 7¼ a 8½; Whisky, 97 a 00; Lard 9½ a 9¾.

Richmond, Sept. 26.–Wheat, $1 57 a 1 75; Corn 87 a 00; Oats 56 a 57; Flour, extra, $0 00 a $0 00 per barrel.

Norfolk, Sept. 26.—Bacon, sides, 8½ a 9½; Corn 80 a 00. Flour $6 25 a $7 50.

Charlotte, Sept. 25.—Bacon 10 a 10½; Flour, 3 75 a 4 50; Corn, 85 a 0 00; Oats, 70 a 75; Wheat, $1 30 a $1 60; Whisky, $0 00 a 0 00.

Fayetteville, Sept. 21.—Bacon 12½ a 17; Flour, $7 00 a $8 00; Corn $1 05 a $1 15; Oats, 70; Rye, $1 10; Wheat, $1 50; Lard, 15; Whisky, $2 25; Brandy, $2 50.

Petersburg, Sept. 26.— Flour $7 50 a $8 00; Wheat, red, $1 60 a $1 65, white $1 65 a $1 70; Corn, 88 a 90; Bacon, hog round 14 a 14½; Whisky, $2 25; Brandy $240 a $2 50

Valuable Plantation FOR SALE.

WE offer for sale, privately, the well known Plantation, about 1½ miles from Salem, adjoining the lands of E. A. Vogler, West of the Cucumber Road, containing about

120 ACRES,

40 of which are WOODLAND, 9 acres MEADOW, balance cleared. There is a DWELLING HOUSE, Out-houses, and a good ORCHARD on the premises.

Apply to

C. A. WINKLER,
J. D. TAVIS.

Salem, N. C., Sept. 29, 1871.–39-7t.

NORTH CAROLINA, } *In Superior Court,*
Davidson County, } *26th Sept.* 1871.

Solomon A. Mock, as Administrator of Jesse Perryman, deceased, } *Plaintiff.*
against

Adam Long and his wife Phœbe, Hamilton Perryman, John Hiatt and his wife Susan Hiatt, *et al. Defendants.*

Summons and Petition to sell land to pay debts.

In this case it appears that the defendants, Hamilton Perryman and John Hiatt and his wife Susan Hiatt, are all non-residents of this State: It is therefore ordered that publication be made in the *People's Press*, a newspaper published at Salem, N. C., summoning the said non-resident defendants to appear at my office, at the court-house in Lexington, on the 24th day of November, 1871, then and there to answer or demur to said Summons and Petition, or the same will be taken *pro confesso* and heard *ex parte* as to them.

Witness, L. E. Johnson, Clerk of Superior Court, at office, in Lexington, N. C., this the 26th September, 1871. L. E. JOHNSON,

Clerk of Superior Court of Davidson County.

Sept. 29-39 6w. [pr. fee $7.]

NIGHT LATCH

WHO WANTS ONE?

Enquire at this office.

NOTICE!

HAVING qualified as Executor of the last Will and Testament of John J. Conrad, deceased, I will sell for cash, at the late residence of the deceased, on the **9th, 10th and 11th October** next, the following property: 30 or 40 head Hogs, 12 head Cattle, 2 head Horses, 1 Mule, 1 four-horse Wagon, 1 two-horse Wagon, 1 Buggy, 1 Carriage, 1 Lime Drill, 1 Threshing Machine, a quantity of Lime, Wheat, Corn, Oats, Household and Kitchen Furniture, Farming Tools, and numerous other articles.

Those having claims against the estate are hereby notified to present them within the time prescribed by law; and those owing said estate are requested to settle immediately as further indulgence cannot and will not be given.

A. E. CONRAD Executor.

Sept. 19, 1871.—38-3t

BRUSH AWAY!

WITH superior Hair, Cloth, Tooth, Nail, Hat, Paint, Whitewash and Horse Brushes.—Best in market.

NEW COMBS!

WHO would do without a new Comb, when a superior article of *Horn, Shell, Gutta Percha*,—plain and metal backs—*Fine-tooth* and *Pocket Combs*, can be had so cheap.

SAVE YOUR MONEY!

BY purchasing either *Pocket Wallets, Ladies' Purses* of steel, leather and velvet,—neat and durable.

"FAIRY CASKET,"

A beautiful article for Ladies Toilet use, with SOAP and PERFUMERY in great variety, and at all prices.

BRIGHT! BRIGHTER!! BRIGHTEST!!!

SAPOLIO for cleaning Silver, Brass, Tin, &c., superior to any article of the kind now in use.

☞ Be sure and call for any of the above articles at

ZEVELY'S DRUG STORE.

POST OFFICE BUILDING, Salem, N. C.

84-tf.

DICTIONARIES

Webster's Unabridged, National, University and School Bullion's English Latin and Latin English. Dictionaries at BLUM'S BOOK STORE.

Valuable Real Estate FOR SALE

IN SALEM, N. C.

I Will sell at public Auction, on the premises, on **Saturday, the 28th of October** next, my HOUSE AND LOT, in Salem, N. C.

The Lot is well improved, with a good Dwelling House, containing 8 Rooms, besides a Kitchen and Cellar in the basement. A small building suitable for an Office, Stable and other out-buildings, a Well of excellent water,—in a word, everything necessary for a desirable and comfortable home.

The Lot fronts 60 feet on Main Street, and runs back near 400 feet, and is located in the most desirable part of town, between the Hotel and Female Academy. I will also sell, at the same time and place, 7 acres of land, lying 1 mile South of Salem, adjoining the home place of the late C. L. Banner. This is all in woods, except about one acre in Meadow. Also two unimproved Lots on Marshall Street, both suitable for building.

Only a small sum will be required to be paid down. Time will be given on the balance.

Any person wishing to look at any of the property, will call upon Dr. P. T. Shultz, of Salem, or J. Masten, Esq., of Winston.

CHRISTINA SHULTZ,
Per J. MASTEN, *Agent.*

P. S.—I will sell any of the above property privately, before the day of sale. C. S.

Salem, N. C., Sept. 15, 1871-37-4ds.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
Davidson County—In Superior Court.

H. H. Small and Mary Small, his wife, Plaintiffs } Notice of Attachment
vs.
L. L. Thomas, Defendant.

To L. L. Thomas, a non-resident:

You are hereby notified, that the above-named Plaintiffs have sued out a Warrant of Attachment against your property, upon a bond executed by you on the 6th day of September, 1860, to Mary Tomlinson, since intermarried with the co-plaintiff, H. H. Small, for the sum of three hundred and twenty-five dollars ($325) with interest thereon from the said 6th day of September, 1860, subject to a credit of the interest to the 7th day of September, 1861, and of one hundred dollars paid the 11th day of May, 1869; said Warrant of Attachment is returnable before the Judge of our Superior Court to be held for the County of Davidson, at the Court-House in Lexington, the 6th Monday after the 3d Monday of September, 1871, when and where you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint of Plaintiffs, which has been filed in this action in the office of the Clerk of said Court.

M. H. PINNIX, } Attorneys for Plaintiffs.
F. C. ROBBINS, }

L. E. JOHNSON, C. S. C.

September 9th, 1871.–37-4t. [pr. fee $7.]

ALMANAC.

BLUM'S FARMERS' & PLANTERS' ALMANAC 1872.

Besides the usual Astronomical calculations, Agricultural matter, Tales, Anecdotes and Recipes, this Almanac contains Interest Tables, Tide Table, vote for Attorney General in 1870, Table showing the number of days from any day in one month, to the same day in another month throughout the year, times of holding Courts in North Carolina and Virginia, list of members of the General Assembly, population of the Globe, population of large cities, population of North Carolina and the United States, Government of Public Works and Institutions of North Carolina, Government of the United States, Rates of Postage, List of Taxes repealed, &c., &c.

L. V. & E. T. BLUM.

Salem, N. C., Sept. 1871.

Post Office Directory.

Office hours, Sunday, from 7½ to 8½ A. M. and from 1 to 2, P. M.

Mail Arrangements.

HIGH POINT MAIL.

Arrives daily by 8, A. M. Departs daily at 2, P. M.

MOUNT AIRY MAIL.

Arrives Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, by 1½, P. M. Departs Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 9, A. M.

REIDSVILLE MAIL.

Arrives Monday, Wednesday and Friday by 3 P. M. Departs Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 9 A. M.

GREENSBORO MAIL.

Arrives every Saturday, by 3 P. M. Departs every Friday, at 6 A. M.

JONESVILLE MAIL.

Arrives every Friday, by 7, P. M. Departs every Saturday, at 6, A. M.

JERUSALEM MAIL.

Arrives every Tuesday, by 7, P. M. Departs every Monday at 7, A. M.

WALNUT COVE MAIL.

Arrives every Saturday, by 7, P. M. Departs every Friday, at 4, P. M.

PANTHER CREEK MAIL.

Arrives every Saturday, by 8, P. M. Departs every Saturday, at 6, A. M.

H. W. SHORE, P. M.

AT THE BOOK STORE.

NEAT WALNUT WORK BOXES at low prices TRANSPARENT SLATES, three sizes.

Cheap Port Folios, Paper Window Shades,
Fireboard Prints, Wall Paper,
INITIAL PAPER,–Rose Tint, and Ornamented.
Magill's Paper Fasteners,
New Ink Erasers,—the best thing out.
Good and cheap Writing Paper.
Blank Account and Record Books.
Tilden's Nonspilling Inkstands.
and many other articles in our line.

L. V. & E. T. BLUM.

March 31, 1871.

VERMICELLI & MACCARONI
AT
ZEVELY'S DRUG STORE,
POSTOFFICE BUILDING

Feb. 20, 1868 26–

Moravian Hymn Books,

IN various styles of binding at the BOOK STORE

Wood's Object Lessons
IN BOTANY.

HAND BOOK
FOR
COUNTY OFFICERS
CHEAP AT BLUM'S.

LIST OF LETTERS,

REMAINING in the Post Office at Salem, N. C., Sept. 1st, 1871.

Mrs. Franky Adams, A. D. Kelly, W. M. Miller, Lee Marshal, Thomas Murphey, Miss Laura W. Parker, Henry Shouse, Dr. Joshua W. Vick, Mrs. Katie Wilson, J. L. Walker, Miss Sarah Zimmerman.

H. W. SHORE, P. M.

The 'Poulterer's Friend'

WILL prevent and cure Chicken Cholera, and prevent Gapes in young Chickens, &c.

HOG POWDERS.

A preventive and cure for Hog Cholera, and profitable in fattening Hogs.

Horse and Cattle Powders
At Vogler's Supply Store.

Salem, Aug. 4, 1871.

PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL
Lettering and Sign Painting
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
NEATLY AND EXPEDITIOUSLY EXECUTED by JOHN A. VOGLER.

Salem, N. C., Aug. 4, 1871.

Soap! Soap!! Soap!!!

WARFIELD'S CELEBRATED COLDWATER SELF-WASHING SOAP for sale by

H. D. LOTT.

Salem, N. C., Sept. 1, 1871.–35-2m.

Clover Seed, Timothy, Orchard and Herd Grass Seed at H. D. LOTT'S

Salem, N. C., Sept. 1, 1871-35-2m.

Additional Attractions EVERY WEEK!

NEW AND ATTRACTIVE STYLES in everything to be found at **PATTERSON & CO'S.**

CHEAP GOODS.

I WILL sell out the stock of Goods in E. A. Vogler's old Store at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES, at less than cost. The stock consists of what is kept in a general Store.

I also have a large lot of SHOES.

Wholesale buyers can supply themselves and save money.

The Goods MUST be sold and good bargains WILL be given. H. W. FRIES, Assignee.

Aug. 18, 1871. 34-4w.

NOTICE!

TAXES! TAXES!! TAXES!!!

I will attend at

Widow Sarah Clinard's,	Monday, October 9th.
John Hasten's	Tuesday, October 10th.
Vestal Perry's,	Wednesday Oct. 11th.
Crim's ⋈ Roads,	Thursday October 12th.
Hardin Haizlip's,	Friday, October 13th.
Crew's Schoolhouse,	Saturday, October 14th.
Bethania,	Monday October 16th.
Salem, Butner's Hotel,	Tuesday October 17th.
Winston,	Wednesday Oct. 18th.
Sides,	Thursday October 19th.
Bitting's Store,	Friday October 20th.
Old Town,	Saturday Oct. 21st.
Vienna,	Monday October 23d.

Blackburn's Schoolhouse, Tuesday Oct. 24th. Benjamin Hampton's, Wednesday Octob. 25th. for the purpose of receiving from the tax payers of Forsyth County their State and County taxes for the year 1871, when and where all persons interested are invited to meet me and pay their taxes, as I cannot give indulgence and will be compelled to collect by distress, as I will have to pay over the State taxes in a short time after canvassing the county. There are also numerous claims against the county that will have to be paid off immediately, as the parties are needing the money and are pressing for payment.

The Tax is 92 cents on the $100 valuation, and $2 10 on the poll, State and County included.

I further give notice that I hold the tax-book for 1871, as made out by the Clerk, for inspection. All persons are requested to inform me of any persons who have failed to list their property as the law requires, so that I may be enabled to deal with them as the law requires of me in all cases where persons fail to list. M. MASTEN, Sheriff.

September 1, 1871. 35-4t

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

ON TUESDAY OCTOBER 3rd, 1871, I will sell, as Assignee of Vogler & Co., at the Store formerly occupied by E. A. Vogler, in the town of Salem, Forsyth County, N. C., all the real and personal estate of Vogler & Co., and E. A Vogler.

The real estate consists of that desirable and valuable Store and Dwelling, House and Lot, in Salem, known on the plot of Salem as No. 63, where E. A. Vogler formerly carried on business. This lot will be divided North and South, leaving a good Tenement House and Lot on the West end. One House and Lot on the opposite corner, known on the town plot as No. 27, a desirable place for business or for a dwelling, both lying in the centre of the town and close to the Salem Female Academy, Post Office and Hotel.

Four Lots on Marshall street, Nos. 232, 233, 234, 235 all well improved for truck farming and excellent lots for building.

One tract of 157 acres of land within one mile of town known as "SUNNY SIDE," on the waters of Middle Fork, adjoining Leigh, Clemmons, Winkler and others. This tract has excellent BUILDINGS, conveniently arranged, a good Well near the House and Barns, and is on the whole, a finer property than is usually offered.

One tract of land on the waters of Middle Fork or Wachovia creek, containing about 28 acres, a great portion meadow, adjoining David Spaugh, A. N. Reich and others.

One House and Lot on the old Plank Road, between Salem and Waughtown, now occupied by Joseph Walker.

Also a tract of 4 acres on the Salisbury road where Tim Fishel formerly lived, on which E. A. Vogler has a claim.

The personal property consists of a lot of STORE GOODS, including

DRY GOODS,

HARDWARE, CROCKERY, GLASS, &c., &c., &c.

A LARGE LOT OF

SHOES,

(OVER 2,000 PAIR,)

SHOE-FINDINGS and MACHINERY,

Farming Tools,

and a great deal of property too tedious to enumerate.

Persons desirous of bidding on any of the real estate can get any information by applying to me or to A. F. Pfohl, who will be at the store.

As the sale will take place at the store in Salem, any one wishing to bid will do well to examine the property beforehand.

The real estate will be sold first, commencing at 1 o'clock, P. M., Oct. 3rd, 1871, and the sale will continue from day to day until all the property is sold.

TERMS CASH.

H. W. FRIES,
Assignee of Vogler & Co.

Salem, N. C., Aug. 28, 1871. 35-tds.

New Family Grocery

☞ AT JENKINS' OLD STAND. ☜

J. P. LANDQUIST,

SALEM, N. C.,

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Salem, Winston, and the surrounding country, that he has taken the business stand recently occupied by Mr. R. A. Jenkins, and opened a

Grocery and Provision Store,

for the sale of everything in that line which can be needed by a family. His stock is

NEW AND FRESH,

and has been selected especially with a view to meet the wants of this community. It comprises the best varieties of

MOLASSES, SUGAR, COFFEE and TEAS,
Flour, Meal, Bacon, Lard, Crackers, Butter, Cheese, Pickles, Chickens, Eggs, Fish, &c., &c.,

constantly on hand, and at astonishingly low prices for

CASH OR BARTER.

☞ Do not fail to inspect my stock before purchasing.

J. P. LANDQUIST.

Sept 1, 1871-35-3m.

FAIR WARNING.

AS Assignee of Vogler & Co., it is my duty to collect the debts due to them and to E. A. Vogler and A. F. Pfohl. These debts can be collected in the United States Court, where the Homestead decision of our State Courts is not binding.

Call at the Store and settle and save costs of a suit in the U. S. Court. H. W. FRIES,

Aug. 18, 1871. (34.tf) Assignee of Vogler & Co.

Miss Alcott's Works.

LITTLE WOMEN,
LITTLE MEN,
OLD FASHIONED GIRL,
HOSPITAL SKETCHES,

at the BOOK STORE.

FINE
Orange & Lemon Trees

FOR SALE. The Lemon Trees are bearing Fruit. Enquire at this Office.

FEVER AND AGUE.

JUST RECEIVED a fresh lot of the Great South American Fever and Ague Cure. Has never failed to have the desired effect. Call and get a bottle at WOMACK'S.

CALICOES! A Fine lot of latest styles Calico just received at

June 9.—23-tf. WOMACK'S

Game of Great Events.

AT THE BOOK-STORE.

GOOD NEWS TO HOUSKEEPERS

THE cheapest and best method for preserving all kinds of FRUIT, VEGETABLES, &c., without air-tight-ing the jars and with or without Sugar, is to use the

American Fruit Preserving Powder.

Parties here who used them last season, are much pleased. J. L. FULKERSON, Sole Agent.

Salem, N. C., June 9, 1871. 23-tf

THE NEWEST And Most Improved Styles of Patent Air-tight Jars,

WITH GLASS COVERS, Porcelain-lined Covers, or improved METAL COVERS, calculated to please even the most fastidious, will be found at low prices with

June 30th, 1871. J. L. FULKERSON.

BUCHAN'S CARBOLIC COMPOUNDS

SUCH as **Carbolic Disinfecting Soap,** for washing Horses, Cattle, Pigs, Dogs, &c-

It will positively destroy all insects on Cattle, and cure Mange, Scratches and Sores of all kinds.

Bed Bugs are at once killed, and their nits destroyed by its use.

The Carbolic Plant Protector destroys and prevents Bugs, Flies, Catterpillars, Plant Lice, Black Scab, Turnip and Cabbage Flies, &c., and is very cheap.

The Carbolic Balm Ointment is said to be the best *Family Salve* in the *world*, and only 25 cents a bottle. Call and get a circular.

At J. L. FULKERSON'S.

Salem, N. C., June 9, 1871. 23-tf

THOS. R. PURNELL,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

SALEM, N. C.,

WILL practice in the Courts of Forsyth, Yadkin, Surry, Stokes, Davie and Davidson Counties.

Prompt attention given to the collection and settlement of claims in all parts of the State.

June 16, 1871.–24-tf.

Notion Store!

J. BLICKENDERFER,
At the Old Drug Store on the South Side Public Square,
SALEM, N. C.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Salem, Winston and surrounding country, that he has opened at the above place a

Notion and Variety Store,

which he has stocked with a fine assortment of Goods of the latest and most approved styles, embracing

HOSIERY, GLOVES, HANDKERCHIEFS, FANS, TRIMMINGS AND EDGINGS, RIBBONS, SOAPS, POCKET-BOOKS, SILK BUTTONS, PARASOLS, NECK-TIES, SEWING SILKS, SHIRTS, UNDERSHIRTS, DRAWERS,

STATIONERY, SEGARS AND PIPES, JET JEWELRY, ZEPHYR AND GERMANTOWN WOOL, in fact, everything that can be found in a first class Notion establishment.

I am agent for the celebrated **Keystone Counterpanes,** Wool, Half Wool, and Cotton, of all colors, for Beds, Cribs and Cradles; those wishing to purchase are solicited to call and inspect my assortment just received from the Factory.

J. BLICKENDERFER.

Salem, N. C., May 19, 1871.–20-tf.

NEW Stationery Packages.

THE UNITED STATES SPECIE PACKAGE contains

5 sheets Note Paper,	5 Envelopes,
1 Lead Pencil,	1 Penholder,
1 Oroide Gold Pen,	1 new Dime Book.

Every package is guaranteed to contain either 5, 10, 25, or 50 cents in nickel or silver.

Price 25 Cents.

THE Excelsior Stationery Package contains 10 sheets of Good Paper. 10 Envelopes, 1 Good Lead Pencil, 1 Pen Holder, 1 Oroide Gold Pen, 1 New Dime Book and 1 set of Ladie's or Gents' Jewelry, with a cash prize of from 5 cents to $1 00.

Price Fifty Cents.

THE FAIRY CASKET

contains 12 sheets of Lady's Note Paper, 12 Envelopes, 1 good Penholder, 1 oroide Gold Pen, 1 good lead Pencil, Copy popular Song Book, 1 Dime Book, 1 Little Facinator.

In addition to the above, each casket is guaranteed to contain from 5 cents to $5 in money or one of the following valuable presents: 1 Lady's Triple Plated Gold Watch, 1 Gentleman's Triple Plated Gold Watch, 1 Fine Pen Knife, 1 Gent's Pocket Book, 1 Lady's Pocket Book, 1 Lady's Ink Stand, 1 set Jewelry.

☞ The Casket is a neat gilt box, and makes a handsome present for a lady or a gentleman,

Price only One Dollar.

For Sale at the Book Store.

LAND AGENCY.

PARTIES wishing to dispose of Lands or Town property, will please apply by letter or in person to BENJ. BOWBEER.

High Point, N. C., July 28, 1871. 30-3m.

M. WP. GRAVES, THOS. R. MCDEARMON, WM. T. LAW

Graves' Warehouse,

DANVILLE, VIRGINIA.,

FOR THE SALE OF

LEAF TOBACCO.

SALES ROOM 166 by 70 feet, with 19 sky-lights. Prompt attention to the interest and comfort of Planters and their teams.

March 3, —9-1.

WORTH & WORTH,

General Shipping and Commission MERCHANTS,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

D. G. WORTH. B. G. WORTH

Advertised Everywhere.

The Celebrated Liver Regulator

TO BE HAD AT

Zevely's Drug Store.

FOR SALE.

IRON COG WHEELS, SHAFTING, BOXES BOLTS, &c. Enquire at this office.

Salem Nov. 15, 1870.

An Ounce of Prevention is Better than a Pound of Cure

Horse and Cattle Powders.

A SURE PREVENTIVE OF DISEASE.

AT ZEVELY'S DRUG STORE.

STEREOSCOPES AND VIEWS—Foreign and Domestic.

L. V. & E. T. BLUM.

Salem, N. C., Jan. 1871.

LIFE INSURANCE

Salem Agency.

THE undersigned is Agent for the Wilmington N. C. Life Insurance Company. Call and see him. Office in Dr. Zevely's building.

Thos. R. Purnell.

GUN FOR SALE.

A GOOD six shooter Rifle for sale. Enquire at THIS OFFICE.

Christian Harmony,

CHEAP, by the quantity, at BLUM'S.

We All Might Do Good.

We all might do good,
Where we often do ill;
There is always the way,
If there be but the will,
Though it be but a word
Kindly breathed or suppressed,
It may guard off some pain,
Or give peace to some breast,

We all might do good
In a thousand small ways—
In forbearing to flatter,
Yet yielding due praise;
In spurning ill rumor,
Reproving wrong done,
And treating but kindly
The heart we have won,

We all might do good,
Whether lowly or great,
For the deed is not guaged
By the purse or estate;
If it be but a cup
Of cold water that's given,
Like the widow's two mites,
It is something for Heaven.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE NEW DISINFECTANT!

Bromo Chloralum,

NON-POISONOUS, ODORLESS,

POWERFUL

DEODORIZER & DISINFECTANT.

ENTIRELY HARMLESS AND SAFE.
ARRESTS AND PREVENTS CONTAGION.

Used in private dwellings, hotels, restaurants, public schools, hospitals, insane asylums, dispensaries, jails, prisons, poor-houses, on ships, steam-boats, and tenement-houses, markets, for water-closets, urinals, sinks, sewers, cess-pools, stables, &c.

A specific in all contagious and pestilential diseases, as cholera, typhoid fever, ship fever, small-pox, scarlet fever, measles, diseases of animals, &c. Prepared only by TILDEN & CO., 176 WILLIAM ST., N. Y. Sold by all druggists. 39-4w.

A NEW ERA IN WASHING

LABOR, TIME, CLOTHES AND FUEL SAVED BY THE USE OF

WARFIELD'S

COLD WATER

SELF-WASHING SOAP.

SEND for CIRCULAR and PRICE LIST.

AGENTS WANTED.

WILSON, LOCKWOOD, EVERETT & CO.,

51 MURRAY ST., New York.

Sole Agents for the States of Virginia, North and South Carolina, Georgia and Florida. 4w.

TREES.

FRUIT & ORNAMENTAL.

FOR AUTUMN OF 1871.

We invite the attention of Planters and Dealers to our large and complete stock of

Standard and Dwarf Fruit Trees, Grape Vines and Small Fruit, Ornamental Trees, Shrubs and Plants, New and Rare Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Bulbous Flower Roots.

Descriptive and Illustrated price Catalogues sent prepaid on receipt of stamps, as follows:

No. 1—Fruits, 10c. No. 2—Ornamental Trees, 10c. No. 3—Green-house, 10c. No. 4—Wholesale, frec.—No. 5—Bulbs, free. Address

ELLWANGER & BARRY,
Established 1840. [39-4w.] Rochester, N. Y.

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$30. We will Pay $30.

Agents $30 per week to sell our new and valuable discoveries. If you want permanent, honorable and pleasant work, apply for particulars. Address DYER & CO., Jackson, Michigan. 39-4w.

A GENTS WANTED for the TRANSMISSION OF LIFE.

COUNSELS ON THE NATURE OF HYGIENE OF THE MASCULINE FUNCTION. By DR. NAPHEYS, author of "*The Physical Life of Woman.*" It relates to *the male sex*; is full of new facts; delicate but outspoken; practical and popular; highly endorsed; sells rapidly; Sold by subscription only. Exclusive territory. Terms liberal. Price $2. Address for contents, &c., J. G. FERGUS & CO., Publishers, Philadelphia, Pa. 39-4w.

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For something interesting, send your address to GEORGE W. GATES, Frankfort, N. Y. 39-4w

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At the BOOK STORE.

MASON'S IMPROVED
(LATEST PATENT)

PRESERVING JARS,

WITH GLASS COVER AND SCREW RING, avoiding contact with metal or rubber,

Best in the Market.

At ZEVELY'S DRUG STORE.
Salem, N. C., July 21, 1871.

Building and Alphabet BLOCKS FOR CHILDREN,

at the - - **BOOKSTORE**

A FRESH SUPPLY

OF THE CELEBRATED

Liver Regulator

AND POPULAR

PRESERVING JARS

at **Zevely's Drug Store.**

DICTIONARIES Webster's Unabridged, National, University and School Dictionaries. Bullion's English Latin and Latin English, Dictionary. at BLUM'S BOOK STORE.

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$290 For first-class Pianos—sent on trial—no agents. Address U. S. PIANO CO., 645, Broadway, N. Y. 39-4w.

9,500 Retailed by one. Wanted agents to sell pictures everywhere. WHITNEY & Co., Norwich, Ct. 39 4w

8 O'CLOCK. 39-4w.

$325 A MONTH.—Horse and carriage furnished: expenses paid: samples *free*. H. B. SHAW, Alfred, Me. 39-4w.

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Gun materials of every kind. Write for Price List, to Great Western Gun Works, Pittsburg, Pa. Army Guns and Revolvers bought or traded for. Agents wanted. 39-4w.

WATCH FREE. Prize Candy-boxes, Prize Stationery Packages, Cheap Jewelry, &c., &c. Silver Watches given gratis to every agent. $20 per day made selling our goods at Country Fairs and Political Meetings. Send for Circular. Add. MONROE & Co., Pittsburg, Pa. 39-4w.

AGENTS WANTED in every county for our fast-selling MAPS, religious and historical CHARTS, etc. HAASIS & LUBRECHT, EMPIRE MAP AND CHART ESTABLISHMENT, 107 Liberty Street, N. Y. 4w.

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Patented November 1, 1870.
SAMPLES FREE AT ALL GROCERY STORES.
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We will send a handsome Prospectus of our *New Illustrated Family Bible*, containing over **200** fine Scripture Illustrations to any Book Agent, free of charge. Address, NATIONAL PUBLISHING Co., Philadelphia, Pa. 39-4w.

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By Dr. W. W. HALL, Author of "*Journal of Health.*" THE BEST SELLING Book in the Market. H. N. McKINNEY & CO., 16 N. 7th St., Phila., Pa. 39-4w.

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It has the delicate and refreshing fragrance of genuine Farina Cologne Water, and is indispensable to
COLGATE'S EAU-DE-COLOGNE TOILET SOAP.
the Toilet of every Lady or Gentleman. Sold by Druggists and Dealers in PERFUMERY.

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BLACK TEA

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Relieved and Cured by Dr. Sherman's Patent Appliance and Compound. Office, 697 Broadway, N. Y. Send 10c. for book with photographic likenesses of cases before and after cure, with the Henry Ward Beecher case, letters and portrait. Beware of traveling impostors, who pretend to have been assistants of DR. SHERMAN. He has no Agents. 39-4w.

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A strangely fascinating, powerfully written, and thoroughly reliable book. From a new stand-point and upon a subject of vital and absorbing interest.—In two parts. Showing the horrors of the barbarous system of treatment in vogue in many prisons, and the advantages of the system recently inaugurated in others. Together with a true and detailed account of the maltreatment and cruelties practiced upon prisoners; also, shame-faced criminalities with female convicts, mutinies, murders, starvings, whippings, hair-breadth escapes, sketches and incidents, narratives, pen pictures, sunshine and shade, illustrative of prison life. **Written by a convict in a convict's cell.** In one vol. 540 pages, over 50 elegant engravings, made *expressly for this book*. 40 sample pages, sample illustrations, sent on application—or, a bound prospectus, for 80 cents.—C. F. VENT, Cincinnati, New York and Chicago. 4w

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JURUBEBA.

WHAT IS IT?

It is a sure and perfect remedy for all diseases of the LIVER AND SPLEEN, ENLARGEMENT OR OBSTRUCTION OF INTESTINES, URINARY, UTERINE, OR ABDOMINAL ORGANS, POVERTY OR A WANT OF BLOOD, INTERMITTENT OR REMITTENT FEVERS, INFLAMMATION OF THE LIVER, DROPSY, SLUGGISH CIRCULATION OF THE BLOOD, ABSCESSES TUMORS. JAUNDICE, SCROFULA, DYSPEPSIA. AGUE AND FEVER AND THEIR CONCOMITANTS

DR. WELLS having become aware of the extraordinary medicinal properties of the South American plant called

JURUBEBA,

sent a special commission to that country to procure it in its native purity, and having found its wonderful curative properties to even exceed the anticipations formed by its great reputation, has concluded to offer it to the public, and is happy to state that he has made arrangements for a regular monthly supply of this wonderful Plant. He has spent much time experimenting and investigating as to the most efficient preparation from it, for popular use, and has for some time used in his own practice with most happy results the effectual medicine now presented to the public as

Dr. WELL'S EXTRACT OF JURUBEBA

and he confidently recommends it to every family as a household remedy which should be freely taken as a BLOOD PURIFIER in all derangements of the system and to animate and fortify all weak and Lymphatic temperaments. JOHN Q. KELLOGG,
Platt St. New York.
Price One Dollar per bottle. Send for Circular. 39-4w

Patterson & Co's Column

SPRING & SUMMER CAMPAIGN.

SPECIAL NOTICE!

An increasing trade has induced us to purchase a LARGER STOCK OF GOODS than usual, and to add to it many new attractions.. We have adopted as our rule in business:

"QUICK SALE and SHORT PROFITS,"

Hoping, by a frequent turn of our money, to realize the same profit that slow merchants expect from selling one or two purchases a year. Trusting in this way to reward ourselves, we give the benefit of short profits to our customers.

We believe that our accumulated stock will prove ample for the wants of our trade. If mistaken, we shall order from the most reliable business houses in the northern cities, until the needs of all our customers are supplied.

The decline in many articles of merchandise warrants us in promising

LOW PRICES.

DRY GOODS:

Prints of every style and price, DeLaines, Challies, Lawns, Linen Lawns, Piques, Alpacas, Gros Grain and Japanese Silks and other late styles of Dress Goods. Swiss Muslins, in large supply, Nainsook, Mull Muslin, Brilliants, &c. A very full assortment of Brown and Bleached Muslins, Tickings, Drills, and Linen Goods.

For Gentlemen's Wear:—Elegant Black Doeskin, Fancy Cassimeres, Cottonades, Linen Duck, "Fries' Jeans," including a new and beautiful style of Tweeds now being manufactured. Also a well selected stock of READY MADE CLOTHING, both in Wool and Linen.

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A larger stock than ever. Our line of Hosiery, Gloves, Veils, Trimmings, Laces, Edgings and Insertings, and Fancy Goods of all kinds cannot be excelled.

We invite the attention of the ladies to our splendid line of Corsets, seamless Kid Gloves, &c.

☛ Call and examine our stock.

BOOTS & SHOES

In this department, we have devoted much time and labor to the selection of Ladies' Fine Shoes. We believe that we can sell a better shoe for less money than can be bought elsewhere. We have every variety of Lace, Button and Congress Gaiters, and an excellent assortment of Morocco and other Leather Shoes.

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A better assortment than we have ever kept. Fur, Wool, Silk und Straw suitable for old men, young men, plain men, fancy men, and all sorts of boys.

Drugs and Dyestuffs,

SOAPS AND PERFUMERY, QUEEN AND GLASSWARE, HOLLOWWARE, Iron, Nails, &c., in full supply and at low figures.

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If you wish Table Cutlery, Pocket Knives, Mechanic's Tools, Farmer's Tools, and Agricultural Implements, Building Materials, Mill Saws, Carriage and Saddlery Hardware, Shoe Findings, Cherry Seeders, Horse and Mule Shoes, &c., call upon us, and we will supply you.

GROCERIES.

We make a specialty of these Goods.

In Sugars, Teas, Coffees, Spices and like articles, we fear no Competition

OUR HOUSE shall remain "HEADQUARTERS" in the Groceryline.

We call particular attention to above partial enumeration of our stock.

We are agents for the Louderback & Smith's "Rustic Window Shades." They are cheap, convenient and durable, and are better than either the oiled or paper shades. They have had a large sale wherever introduced.

We shall strive earnestly to give satisfaction in all branches of our business, and hope that no customer will have to leave our house to make purchases elsewhere.

Feeling grateful for our past trade and hopeful for its increase in the future, we wish for our Farmers,—"the bone and sinew" of the land,—the most abundant crops, and for all classes good health and increased prosperity.

PATTERSON & CO.

Salem, N. C., April 14, 1871. 14-tf

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Our Saviour,
Mt. Vernon, Cheap at the
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Pencil Points From No. 1 to No. 9.
Memorandums, Large and Small.
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We do not RIDE AS FAST as our neighbor,

BUT WE COME WITH

NEW GOODS

EVERY WEEK

AT LOWER PRICES. **Calicoes at 6¼, 8 and 10 cents.** Fine and Neat **DRESS GOODS** cheaper than the cheapest.

J. L. FULKERSON,

GREAT DECLINE IN GROCERIES.

CALL and see BEST ASSORTMENT in this Market.

Sugar 10, Good Coffee 18, Good Molasses 40 cents.

March 10, 1871. J. L. FULKERSON.

THE FINEST, NEATEST, BEST and NEWEST STYLES SHOES for Ladies, Misses and Children, manufactured expressly for our Sales.

Our best hand-made SHOES are warranted superior in *Style and Quality* to any in this market. J. L. FULKERSON.

Feb. 17, 1871–7tf.

THREE FINE JEWELRY

SHOW CASES

and one Iron Safe,

For sale by J. L. FULKERSON. 7-tf.

LADIES' GENUINE **MALTESE COLLARS,** CLUNY and THREAD LACE & EDGINGS.

Feb. 3–5–tf. J. L. FULKERSON.

LOVERS OF TEA

WILL find the great THEA-NECTAR just what they want, or have their money refunded. Try it, it is cheap.

Jan. 27. J. L. FULKERSON.

MAHOGANY & ROSEWOOD grained TABLE OIL CLOTH. a beautiful article.

Come and see, for seeing is believing, and believing is to buy of J. L. FULKERSON.

Feb.3--5tf.

If you wish a superior article of

EXTRA GOLDEN SYRUP and Fine MUSCOVADO MOLASSES,

Call on

J. L. FULKERSON.

THERE IS NO DANGER IN USING THE **Best Radiant Oil!**

112 fire test. We keep only the best.

Feb. 3–5tf J. L. FULKERSON.

To Coffee Drinkers.

TRY OUR FINE CEYLON 8 O'CLOCK BREAKFAST COFFEE.

Jan. 27. J. L. FULKERSON.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.

Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill*. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends; and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel nor any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar-coating preserves them ever fresh, and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable, no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia** or **Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor** and **Loss of Appetite**, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach, and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice** or **Green Sickness, Bilious Colic and Bilious Fevers**, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhœa**, but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back** and **Loins**, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill*, take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists, LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Health and Strength.

CROOK'S WINE & TAR

Throat and Lungs.

For ten years Dr. Crook's Wine of Tar has been tested and proved in thousands of cases, capable of curing all Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, performing wonderful cures. Will you let prejudice prevent you from being cured also?

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR is rich in the medicinal qualities of Tar, combined with vegetable ingredients of undoubted value. It rapidly restores exhausted strength, cleanses the Stomach, relaxes the Liver and puts them to work, causes the food to digest, and makes pure blood. If you are afflicted in any way, we know the life-giving tonic properties of Dr. Crook's Wine of Tar, are what you need.

It cures all Coughs and Colds, and its many wonderful cures of Asthma and Bronchitis, have caused many to call it a specific for these complaints. Throat ailments require but a few doses. All suffering from Consumption or any Disease of the Lungs should remember that Dr. Crook's Wine of Tar has cured many cases pronounced incurable.

The Weak and Debilitated should remember it renovates and invigorates the system, and is health-giving and appetite-restoring.

It also cures Liver and Kidney Complaints, and by its healthy action on the Stomach, removes Dyspepsia. Try one bottle. Take only Dr. Crook's Wine of Tar. Sold by Druggists.

For Scrofula, Scrofulous Tumors, Scrofulous Diseases of the Eyes, or Scrofula in any form, Rheumatism, Diseases of the Liver, Diseases of the Skin, Eruptions, Pimples, Boils, Tetter, Scald Head, Ulcers, and old Sores, or any disease depending on a depraved condition of the blood, take Dr. Crook's Compound Syrup of Poke Root. It is combined with the best tonic preparations of iron known, and is the best Alterative and Blood Purifier made. Cleanse your blood. Try one Bottle. Sold by Druggists. Prepared only by ELIVES CROOK & CO., Dayton, O.

May 12, 1871.–19-3m.

JUST RECEIVED AT THE BOOK STORE,

Mental Photograph Albums,
Waverly and other Novels, (cheap.)
Dickens and other Novels, (cheap,)
Pocket-Maps, N. C.
Hayden's Dictionary of Dates,
Pictures of Christ.
Steel Engraving of Holy Family.
Songs before Sunrise, World Essays.
Verses, by. H. H. A Woman's Poems.
May 19, 1871.

Miscellaneous Books.

OUR stock of Miscellaneous Book is varied, a good collection—which we offer at low prices, as we wish to reduce our stock.

THE NEW DISCOVERY

In Chemical and Medical Science.

Dr. E. F. GARVIN'S

SOLUTION & COMPOUND ELIXIR

OF

TAR

FIRST AND ONLY SOLUTION ever made in one mixture of **ALL THE TWELVE** valuable active principals of the well known curative agent,

PINE TREE TAR,

UNEQUALED in Coughs, Colds, Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchitis, and consumption.

CURES WITHOUT FAIL

A recent cold in three to six hours; and also, by its VITALISING, PURIFYING and STIMULATING effects upon the general system, is remarkably efficacious in all

DISEASES OF THE BLOOD,

including Scrotula and Eruptions of the skin, Dyspepsia, Diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, Heart Disease, and General Debility.

ONE TRIAL CONVINCES!

ALSO, A

Volatile Solution of Tar

For INHALATION, without application of HEAT. A remarkably VALUABLE discovery, as the whole apparatus can be carried in the vest pocket, ready at any time for the most effectual and positively curative use in

All Diseases of the NOSE, THROAT and LUNGS.

THE COMPOUND

Tar and Mandrake Pill,

for use in connection with the ELIXIR TAR, is a combination of the TWO most valuable ALTERATIVE Medicines known in the Profession, and renders this Pill without exception the very best ever offered.

The SOLUTION and COMPOUND ELIXIR of

TAR

is without doubt the Best remedy known in cases of

CHOLERA AND YELLOW FEVER.

It is a Specific for such diseases, and should be kept in the household of every family, especially during those months in which

CHOLERA AND YELLOW FEVER

are liable to prevail. A small quantity taken daily will prevent contracting these terrible diseases.

Solution and Compound Elixir, $1.00 per Bottle
Volatile Solution for Inhalation, $5.00 per Box
Tar and Mandrake Pills, 50cts per box.

Send for Circular of **POSITIVE CURES** to your Druggist, or to

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SOLE PROPRIETORS,
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SPLENDID STOCK.

THE Undersigned has just received the most attractive stock of Spring and Summer Goods ever offered by him to the people of this and the surrounding counties, comprising

DRY GOODS, HATS, BOOTS, SHOES, HARDWARE, CLOTHING, NOTIONS,

GROCERIES,

HATS FOR EVERYBODY,

THE LATEST STYLES OUT.

HOSIERY,

QUEENSWARE, CUTLERY, CROCKERY, KITCHEN FURNITURE, FARM UTENSILS, &c., &c.,

fresh and new, and as cheap as the cheapest. *No one shall get ahead of me in*

LOW PRICES.

My friends will find my stock of Dry Goods and Notions, **STAPLE AND FANCY,** complete, and purchased after the late decline in prices at the North. I have a large supply of **Ladies' and Gentlemen's**

BOOTS AND SHOES,

and can furnish you with the latest make and style.

I am receiving large additions to my stock of

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and can guarantee satisfaction in quality and prices.

The best quality Ladies', Misses', and Children's Hose of every size.

I would call especial attention to my carefully selected stock of

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which I offer at the lowest possible price for Cash or Barter.

I earnestly invite the attention of our country and town people to my varied assortment, and promise to make it their interest to purchase of me.

COUNTRY PRODUCE

taken in exchange for goods upon liberal terms.

Call and look over my stock, even if you do not wish to buy just now.

Mr. T. F. CRIST, well known to the people of this section, will be found at my establishment, and will be glad to see all his old friends and customers.

R. A. WOMMACK & CO.

Salem, N. C. April 28, 1871.–17-tf.

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Shaffner's Drug Store,

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Constantly on hand a full assortment of CHEMICALS, DRUGS, MEDICINES, PERFUMERY, TOILET ARTICLES, PAINTS, OILS, DYE-STUFFS, SPICES, TEAS, SEEDS, GLASSES, STATIONERY, FANCY ARTICLES,

and everything else usually kept in a

First Class Drug Store.

PHYSICIANS

will be supplied with reliable Medicines, promptly and at reasonable figures.

The undersigned is the only authorized agent for the sale in this market, of the justly celebrated

Liberty White Lead,

the best and most economical in use.

Call, examine goods, and ascertain prices.

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May 5, 1871.–18-tf.

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VEGETABLE — FREE FROM ALCOHOL

PURELY — CALIFORNIA

DR. WALKER'S

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VINEGAR BITTERS

J. WALKER, Proprietor. R. H. McDONALD & Co., Druggists and Gen. Ag'ts, San Francisco, Cal., and 32 and 34 Commerce st., N. Y.

MILLIONS Bear Testimony to their Wonderful Curative Effects. They are not a vile **Fancy Drink**, made of **Poor Rum, Whiskey, Proof Spirits** and **Refuse Liquors** doctored, spiced and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics," "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the tippler on to drunkenness and ruin, but are a true Medicine, made from the Native Roots and Herbs of California, **free from all Alcoholic Stimulants.** They are the **GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER and A LIFE GIVING PRINCIPLE**, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the System, carrying off all poisonous matter and restoring the blood to a healthy condition. No person can take these Bitters according to directions and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poisons or other means, and the vital organs wasted beyond the point of repair.

They are a Gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, possessing, also, the peculiar merit of acting as a powerful agent in relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver, and of all the Visceral Organs.

FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS, whether in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood or at the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters have no equal.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism and Gout, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have been most successful. **Such Diseases** are caused by **Vitiated Blood**, which is generally produced by derangement of the **Digestive Organs.**

DYSPEPSIA OR INDIGESTION, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the regions of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia.

They invigorate the Stomach and stimulate the torpid liver and bowels, which render them of unequalled efficacy in cleansing the blood of all impurities, and imparting new life and vigor to the whole system.

FOR SKIN DISEASES, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-Worms, Scald-Head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin, of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters. One bottle in such cases will convince the most incredulous of their curative effects.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed or sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure and the health of the system will follow.

PIN, TAPE, and other **WORMS**, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. For full directions, read carefully the circular around each bottle, printed in four languages—English, German, French and Spanish.

Old prejudices are dying out. New facts are killing them. The idea that invalids, weakened by disease, can be relieved by prostrating them with destructive drugs, is no longer entertained except by monomaniacs. Ever since the introduction of DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS, it has been obvious that their regulating and invigorating properties are all-sufficient for the cure of chronic indigestion, rheumatism, constipation, diarrhœa, nervous affections and malarious fevers, and they are now the standard remedy for these complaints in every section of the Union.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.

J. WALKER, Proprietor. R. H. McDONALD & Co., Druggists and Gen. Agts., San Francisco, Cal., and 34 Commerce st., N. Y.

NATURE'S HAIR RESTORATIVE

Contains no LAC SULPHUR—No SUGAR of LEAD—No LITHARGE—No NITRATE of SILVER, and is entirely free from the Poisonous and Health-destroying Drugs used in other Hair Preparations.

Transparent and clear as crystal, it will not soil the finest fabric—perfectly SAFE, CLEAN and EFFICIENT—desideratums long sought for and found at last!

It restores and prevents the Hair from becoming Grey, imparts a soft, glossy appearance, removes Dandruff, is cool and refreshing to the head, checks the Hair from falling off, and restores it to a great extent when prematurely lost, prevents Headaches, cures all Humors, cutaneous eruptions, and unnatural Heat. AS A DRESSING FOR THE HAIR IT IS THE BEST ARTICLE IN THE MARKET.

Dr. G. SMITH, Patentee, Groton Junction, Mass. Prepared only by PROCTER BROTHERS, Gloucester, Mass. The Genuine is put up in a panel bottle, made expressly for it, with the name of the article blown in the glass. Ask your Druggist for Nature's Hair Restorative, and take no other.

Send a three cent stamp to PROCTER BROS., for a Treatise on the Human Hair.—The information it contains is worth $5.00 to any person.

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Nov. 25, 1870-48-1y. Salem, N. C.

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VIOLIN, GUITAR AND BANJO STRINGS,
Extra Violin
BOWS and HAIR

For Bows, &c., &c., with a good supply of

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